

### बीमा परिषद नियंत्रण निकाय कार्यालय Office of the Governing Body of Insurance Council

All Partners / Stake Holders of Governing Body of Insurance Council

### CONSOLIDATED ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR 2014-15

We have the pleasure to present the Consolidated Annual Report and Audited Accounts of the Offices of the Insurance Ombudsmen and the Governing Body of Insurance Council for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2015.

Through this Annual Report, we have endeavored to draw attention of Members to areas which require improvement in servicing of policyholders and make functioning of the Institution of Insurance Ombudsmen more effective.

We welcome your valuable feedback to make the Annual Report more meaningful.

(RAMMA BHASIN) SECRETARY GENERAL (GBIC)

29th Feb , 2016, Mumbai



### OFFICE OF THE GOVERNING BODY OF INSURANCE COUNCIL INDEX

Sl.	No.	Description	Page Nos
	A	Introduction	3 to 4
		Insurance Ombudsman	5 to 6
1	В	Accounts	7
	С	Annexure to Accounts (Auditors' Report for GBIC & Offices of Insurance Ombudsman)	8-16
	С	Complaint Statistics	17
	D	Annexure to Complaint Statistics	18-30
2	D	Common Observations/Suggestions/Recommendations of Ombudsmen regarding quality of Services rendered by Insurers, Causes of Grievances, etc.	31-36
	Е	Brief Reports of the Office of the Insurance Ombudsmen	
	i)	Ahmedabad	37
	ii)	Bengaluru	38
	iii)	Bhopal	39-40
3	iv)	Bhubaneswar	41
	v)	Chandigarh	42
	vi)	Chennai	43-44
	vii)	Delhi	45-46
	viii)	Guwahati	47-48
	ix)	Hyderabad	49
	x)	Jaipur	50
	xi)	Kochi	51
	xii)	Kolkata	52
	xiii)	Lucknow	54
	xiv)	Mumbai	55-56
	xv)	Pune	57



### A) INTRODUCTION

The Institution of Insurance Ombudsman was created by the Government of India under the Redressal of Public Grievances Rules- 1998, notified in Official Gazette, on 11th Nov. 1998. The Governing Body of Insurance Council (GBIC) consisting of one representative from each Insurance Company (both Life and General), appoints Insurance Ombudsman who are drawn from the Civil Services, Judiciary and Insurance Industry. This Institution was created to provide cost-effective, impartial, efficient and speedy resolution of grievances to aggrieved policyholders.

In terms of Rule 20 of RPG Rules, Insurance Ombudsmen are required to furnish a Report every year, to the Govt. of India, containing a review of quality of services rendered by Insurers and recommendations on improving these services; the activities of the Ombudsman Centre during the preceding financial year, and other information considered necessary. Arising out of this rule, the Government vide its letter Ref: F.No.11/02/2001-Vig (Ins.) dated 25<sup>th</sup> February 2002, directed the Governing Body of Insurance Council (GBIC) to consolidate the Annual Reports of all Insurance Ombudsmen and submit such consolidated Report to Govt. of India. Accordingly, Annual Reports from the year 2002-2003 are being consolidated every year at the Office of GBIC and forwarded to the Government of India.

The Annual Reports for the financial year 2014-15 have been received from all Offices of the Insurance Ombudsman except the Office of Insurance Ombudsman, Noida and Patna, as these offices commenced operations after April 2015. A brief of the Reports, Office-wise, highlighting their observations and suggestions is also reproduced in subsequent pages. In the financial year under reference:

- All the Offices of Insurance Ombudsman have confirmed that the prescribed procedures
  as envisaged in RPG Rules 1998, in dealing with complaints have been followed.
- Offices of the Insurance Ombudsman have conducted outstation hearings for the convenience of the complainants as envisaged in the Rules, wherever required.
- 3. Insurers' Meets were arranged by all Offices of the Insurance Ombudsman.
- Offices of the Insurance Ombudsman are regularly submitting their monthly returns in respect of Complaint Statistics, Trial Balance, Bank Reconciliation etc., in time.
- As per the feedback received from all Offices of the Insurance Ombudsman, the Complaints Management System (CMS) module is working smoothly at all the Offices of Insurance Ombudsman.



- 6. During the current year, the GBIC has introduced common mail Ids for Office of the GBIC and all the Offices of the Insurance Ombudsman with the domain 'gbic.co.in'. The mail Id is inscoun@gbic.co.in for GBIC and bimalokpal.(name of the Office) @gbic.co.in for Offices of the Insurance Ombudsman . An updated GBIC website has also been launched with effect from 11.11.2014.
- 7. Bimalokpal Day was celebrated with great enthusiasm on 11th November, 2014 at all the offices of the Insurance Ombudsman with an aim to create awareness among the policyholders about Insurance Ombudsman Scheme.

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### INSURANCE OMBUDSMAN AND THEIR TERRITORIAL JURISDICTION

Sr. No.	Name of the Office and Year of Inception	State-wise Area of Jurisdiction	Name of the Current Ombudsman
1.	Ahmedabad- July, 1999	State of Gujarat and Union Territories of Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu.	Vacant since July 2014.
2.	Bengaluru- August, 2014	State of Karnataka	Shri M.Parshad, Ex-CMD, Agriculture Co. Ltd. Took charge on 14.08.2014.
3.	Bhopal- April, 2000	States of Madhya Pradesh and Chattisgarh	Shri Raj Kumar Srivastava, Ex-District & Sessions Judge (Selection Grade) Took charge on 27.05.2013.
4.	Bhubaneswar- May, 2000	State of Orissa	Shri B.N.Mishra, Ex-District & Sessions Judge Took Charge on 22.07.2014
5.	Chandigarh- July, 1999	States of Punjab, Haryana, Himachal Pradesh, Jammu & Kashmir and Union Territory of Chandigarh	Shri Manik Sonawane, IAS, Ex-Chief Secretary to Government, Haryana Demitted Office on 20.09.2015
6.	Chennai- August, 1999	State of Tamil Nadu and Union Territories- Pondicherry Town and Karaikal (which are part of Union Territory of Pondicherry).	Shri Virander Kumar, Ex-General Manager, The New India Assurance Co Ltd. Took charge on 09.05.2013
7.	Delhi- July, 1999	State of Delhi	Smt.Sandhya Baliga Indian Revenuc Services (Customs & Central Excise) (Retd) Took charge on 15-07-2014
8.	Guwahati- September, 1999	States of Assam, Meghalaya, Manipur, Mizoram, Arunachal Pradesh, Nagaland and Tripura.	Vacant since July 2014.
9.	Hyderabad- August, 1999	State of Andhra Pradesh Telangana and Union Territory of Yanam and part of Union Territory of Pondicherry.	Shri G.Rajeswara Rao, Ex. Chief Commissioner of Income Tax Took charge on 15.05.2013
10.	Jaipur- October, 2014	State of Rajasthan	Shri Ashok K.Jain, IRS Ex-Chief Commissioner of Income Tax, Bhopal Took charge on 10.10.2014
11.	Kochi- June, 2000	States of Kerala and Union Territory of (a) Lakshadweep (b) Mahe- a part of Union Territory of Pondicherry	Shri P.K.Vijayakumar, IRS Ex-Director General of Income Tax(Investigation), Kochi Took charge on 14.07,2014



12.	Kolkata– March, 2000	States of West Bengal, Sikkim and Union Territories of Andaman & Nicobar Islands	Shri K.B.Saha, Ex-Executive Director, L.I.C. of India, Took charge on 30.07.2014
13.	Lucknow – October, 1999	Districts of Uttar Pradesh  Lalitpur, Jhansi, Mahoba, Hamirpur, Banda, Chitrakoot, Allahabad, Mirzapur, Sonbhadra, Fatehpur, Pratapgarh, Jaunpur, Varanasi, Gazipur, Jalaun, Kanpur, Lucknow, Unnao, Sitapur, Lakhimpur, Bahraich, Barabanki, Raebareli, Sravasti, Gonda, Faizabad, Amethi, Kaushambi, Balrampur, Basti, Ambedkarnagar, Sultanpur, Maharajganj, Santkabirnagar, Azamgarh, Kushinagar, Gorakhpur, Deoria, Mau, Ghazipur, Chandauli, Ballia, Sidharthnagar.	Shri N.P.Bhagat, IRS Ex-Director General of Income Tax(Investigation), Patna, Took charge on 04.08.2014
14.	Mumbai- November, 2000	State of Goa and Mumbai Metropolitan Region excluding Areas of Navi Mumbai and Thane.	Shri A.K.Dasgupta, Ex-Managing Director, LIC of India. Took charge on 16.05.2013
15.	Noida	State of Uttaranchal and the districts of Uttar Pradesh: Agra, Aligarh, Bagpat, Bareilly, Bijnor, Budaun, Bulandshehar, Etah, Kanooj, Mainpuri, Mathura, Meerut, Moradabad, Muzaffarnagar, Oraiyya, Pilibhit, Etawah, Farukkabad, Firozbad, Gautambodhanagar, Ghaziabad, Hardoi, Shahjahanpur, Hapur, Shamli, Rampur, Kashganj, Sambhal, Amroha, Hathras, Kanshiramnagar, Saharanpur.	
16.	Patna- September, 2014	States f Bihar and Jharkhand	Shri Sadasiv Mishra, Ex-General Manager, The New India Ass. Co. Ltd. Took charge on 09.09.2014
17.	Pune- September, 2014	State of Maharashtra - Areas of Navi Mumbai and Thane but excluding Mumbai Metropolitan.	Shri A.K.Sahoo, Ex-Executive Director LIC of India Took charge on 10.09.2014



### B) ACCOUNTS

All the Offices of the Insurance Ombudsman have submitted their audited Trial Balances as at 31.03.2015. M/s G.M.Kapadia & Co., Chartered Accountants, Mumbai who have been appointed as External Auditors for conducting the audit of consolidated accounts of the Governing Body of Insurance Council and all Offices of the Insurance Ombudsman for the financial year 2014-15 have completed their Audit and signed the Accounts. We are pleased to inform that the Audit Report submitted by the Chartered Accountants is without any qualification.

Consolidation of Final Accounts at GBIC for all the Offices of the Insurance Ombudsman and Office of the GBIC was done in an automated manner, through "Tally-ERP 9" Package where consolidated statements of accounts were generated automatically without error.

During the fiscal under review, expenses of the Ombudsman Centres and Office of GBIC have been met by LIC of India upfront. Subsequently these expenses have been distributed among all the GBIC Member Companies in proportion to the share of each company based on Gross Market Premium income and their respective share of expenses recovered and reimbursed to LIC of India.

However, as per the earlier decision of the Governing Body of Insurance Council, it has been decided that from fiscal 2015-16, the Member Companies' share of expenses would be taken in advance, based on the previous year's Market share. Such advance will be later adjusted as per actual share and accounted properly.

A copy of the consolidated Audit Report for the Governing Body of Insurance Council and the Offices of the Insurance Ombudsman along with the Income and Expenditure Account and Balance Sheet as at 31.03.2015 is annexed as "Annexure A".



CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

1007. RAHEIA CHAMBERS, 211. NARIMAN POINT, MUMEAT 400 U11. (NDIA
PHONE: (91-22) 5611 5611 FAX: (91-22) 5611 6600

### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To.

The Secretary
Office of the Governing Body of Insurance Council and 16 Offices of Insurance
Ombudsmen,
Jeevan Seva Annexe, 3rd Floor, S.V. Road,
Santacruz (West),
Mumbai- 400 054

### Report on the Financial Statements

 We have sudited the attached Balance Sheet of Office of the Governing Body of Insurance Council and 16 Offices of Insurance Ombudsman (GBIC and 16 Ombudsmen) as at March 31, 2015 and the Statement of Income and Expenditure for the year then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information. The financial statements of 15 Offices of Insurance Ombudsmen have been audited by Other Auditors and same has been relied upon by us.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

2. The GBIC and 16 Ombudsmen Management is responsible for the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the Balance sheet and Statement of Income and Expenditure of the GBIC and 16 Ombudsmen in accordance with the requirements of the Insurance Act, 1938 and Redressal of Public Grievances Rules, 1998. This responsibility includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditors' Responsibility

 Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.
 We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards require that we comply with



MUMBA! NEW DELH! CHENNA! BENGALURU HYDERAHAD JAIPUR



ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

- 4. An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence, about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the GBIC and 16 Ombudsmen in preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by Management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

### Opinion

- 6. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the insurance Act, 1938 and Redressal of Public Grievances Rules, 1998 to the extent applicable and in the manner so required, and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, as applicable to the GBIC and 16 Ombudsmen:
  - In case of Balance Sheet, give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the GBIC and 16 Ombudsmen as at March 31, 2015;
  - In case of Statement of Income and Expenditure, of the surplus for the year ended on that date.

### Emphasis of Matter

- 7. Without qualifying our opinion, we draw attention to ;
  - a. Note 2 in Schedule B to the financial statements regarding Opening balances states that GBIC started its operations in 1998. Until 2000-2001, the Accounts were maintained by LIC. The GBIC started maintaining Accounts independently from the year 2001-2002. For the year 2001-2002, GBIC had only its Income & Expenditure





Accounts certified by the Auditor. Hence, the opening balances brought down on April 1, 2001 were unaudited figures.

- b. Note 3 in Schedule B to the financial statements regarding accounts of the 15 offices of Ombudsman offices have been audited by various auditors. The consolidation of the same is being done after considering the fact that the amount received from LIC towards its share of expenses is not a surplus, but an advance / reimbursement towards its share of contribution. Further the amount received towards Capital Expenditure is reflected as a liability for contribution for Fixed Assets.
- c. Note 5 in Schedule B to the financial statements regarding Balances of Sundry Creditors and Sundry Debtors which are subject to confirmations and reconciliations.
- d. Note 8 in Schedule B to the financial statements regarding non-filing of Returns of Income. In the opinion of the management, Income Tax Return for the assessment year 2015-16 and for the earlier years is not required to be filed, as GBIC is not doing any commercial activity. The management has sought a legal opinion on the matter and the opinion is awaited.

### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- As required by the Insurance Act, 1938 and Redressal of Public Grievances Rules, 1998, as amended, we report that:
  - We have obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our sudit and have found them to be satisfactory;
  - b. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, proper books of account as required by law have been maintained by the Office of the Governing Body of Insurance Council and 16 Offices of Insurance Ombudsmen so far as appears from our examination of those books; and
  - c. The Balance Sheet and Statement of Income and Expenditure of the Office of the Governing Body of Insurance Council and 16 Offices of Insurance Ombudsmen refer to in this report is in agreement with the books of accounts and returns.





d. The accounting policies adopted by the Office of the Governing Body of Insurance Council and 16 Offices of Insurance Ombudsmen are appropriate and are in compliance with the applicable Accounting Standards issued by the Institute of Chartered accountants of India.

> For G. M. Kapadia & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 104767W

MUMBAI

arnhore

Membership No. 39569

Atul Shah

Partner

Place: Mumbai Dated: June 8, 2015



# GOVERNING BODY OF INSURANCE COUNCIL & 19 OMBUGSMAN OFFICES

### CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS ON 318T MARCH, 2015

LIABILITIES		As at \$1100,00011	As at 31/03/2014	ASSETS		As at 31/03/2015	At at 31/03/2014
The second secon		Mark in Rs.)	Ann. in (Rs.)	Augel 3		(Amt. In Rc.)	(Amt. in St.)
Custination for Physics Assets Upon Droseous year For Current year	13.4 (4,702.00	39,655,169,36	15,414,793.0	Fixed Asemit (At Cott) VGD (Operated) Acquiting this jear Lett Script where Lett Script where Lett Script where	5,000 to 20 5,000 to 20 35,500 to 30 5,000 to 30 5,000 to 30		
Current Cabitetee Amount me in Lift of India Advance from Warriber Companies		144,406,521.00	418,474,183.0	(As par Schoolins Waterined Introveith) 110,474,182.00 Cepter with in progress.		S,004,419.20 KSS4115.00	88 455° 550° 8
			(*	Contine (Unidocent and constined good Amount due time (UIC manters Processy Lew Yoodsy moseymooth, LC) Clinis Miscolausian Dubt/PLUs Fredoric day from OVO Mambal	044,484,494 00.355900 0.350,400 74.0190101	148,451,224.47	04,577,862.00
Suntity Creditizes Outstanding Expenses	6,608,720,71			Advances to Staff		738,408.00	538,907.00
recover Tax prive than selecy Circumstad Professional Train	4,700.00 4,700.00	200		Prepate Especies		319,527,83	317,673.00
The constitute of the constitu	00000/1	8,016,281,71	4,037,035,40	Osporaliza		1,884,981,65	1,241,019,53
				Stanger en bland Crish Balance Bask Balancy		4,035.96 62,042.78 67,629,118.18	12,486,88 36,121,78 4,948,351,77
Total	I	255.247.872.07	520,148,078.40	Total		236 247,872.07	126,548,070,40

Holes to Account as per Suhedule "S" shoeses.

AS FER OUR ASPERSO REPORT FORG. B. FORMORA & CO. CHARTERED ADCOUNTARYS THE REGISTRATION NO. - 1947679. (AMUME) (AMUME

Alcortalto

SECRETARY GENERAL





### GOVERNING HODY OF INSURANCE COUNCIL & 15 INSURANCE OMBIGOSMAN OFFICES

### CONSCLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME & EXPENSITURE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 315T MASCH, 2025

Gode	Expenses	Transided 11/03/2015 [Amt. In Re.]	79ar ended 31/03/2014 (Amt. in Re.)	Account Code	Income	Year ended 15/03/2015 1Ams, to Re. J	794r ainded 31/93/2014 (Amt. in Re.)
471	Basic Salary to Orrbudantar	4.582.648.12	4,913,136.95	112	Lipence Fee deduction	6	5932.0
e53	D.A. to Cestudurus	10.269.293.77	5,389,600.97	118	Cheque cancelled A/c	16542.00	
400	HRA to Ongustrian	1,816,972.54	1,784,915.12	303	LIC Designment Otion AV:	\$18,460,116,51	160,633,593.
406	Conveyence to Delbudinnan	1,964 104 18	1,497,226.00	501	Sundry Receipts	300,975.41	56,722
466	Mask: Salary to Officers	43,232,901,04	41,582,618.63	24.	Liabinites W/back/Kodiata 1	897	100,7-44.
105	D.A. te Others	43,250,941,30	35,607,456.40		EXCESS OF EXPENDITURE OVER INCOME		1550551.1
409	HWUA to Others	3,116,521.10	2,849,692,31		-		
810	OCA to Otrars	917,660.55	050,674,35				
.411	FPA to Others	567,564.15	560,865.33				
412	Osneeyance to Others	956,317,26	958,844.70				
413	Deputation Allowance to Others	8,415,238.44	4,071,472.42			1	
314	Functional Alexander p Others	4.500.00!	4.900.00			1	
415	Weshing Allowence to Others	1,200,000	1,000.00			1	
616	Quarte. Pay to Others	0.00	5.026.00				
\$17	Other attwance to Others	153,763.56	58,789,73			-	
+19	PLU	87 807 00,	50,591,01			1	
420	Employer's Contribution to Femeral	2.877.303.25	2.940,247,13			-	
121	Employer's Const. to PF	1,278,000 50	807,568.48			-	
422	Empayers Contracto Gravity	1,751,555.30	1 838,254 62				
THE RESERVE	Employer's Constitution to Medicialist	540,335.41	447,457.69			-	
123	Employer's Contribution to GSLI					-	
424	Loars Encastment	29,329.15	15,512.64			1	
425	STOREST CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROP	2,089,569.28	1,946,350,55				
+426	Yourstang Experience on Tour Transfer TE	4,701,848.00	2,538,389.49				
427	Entra Control	961,811.70	428,130.00				
426	L 7 C Eigennes	783,947.00	1,813,752,50				
429	Wolfir Day Expenses	719,927.50	876,565.60				
620	Auditors Fees	204,215.00	160,795.00				
4\$1	Law Charges	211,700.00	51,813.00				
437	Dirding & Stationery	1,700,755.95	1,335,788,25				
433	Postage Pervenue Starge	1,355,239.72	1,643,529.00				
A34	(Bank Charges	20,039,25	17,619.60				
455	Telephone Charges	1,636,742.75	1,750,863.03				
630	Elektricity Onergea	13,057,050.00	0.084.982,00				
	Prorpieko- 41200 Curerryasi- 2016200						
437	Carrage & Freight	197,550,50	118,405.00			1 1	
638	Recisio & Mointenance	593,212.61	647,009,80	_			
439	Stat Angestes	4,288,120,00	2,715,362,20	-		_	
430	Lurghust Wadcal Beneit	889,826.00	974.687.00			-	
	All Insurance Procisions	211,151,25	169.422.71				
842	Engrisement Extenses	The state of the s					
	The state of the s	785,850,85	015,902.50				
843	Contraction Payments Other Trian AMC	6,330,011,32	5,459,491.00				
	Prior pontro - 57869 50						
202	Curtoff year - 8272122 82	20022000					
161	ANC Payments	995,852,72	591,179,34	-			
648	Ottos Uptasch	691,170,35	- 608,404.5G				
635	Substitution to Hewapeper	333,580,60	350,970,00				
447	Carthrengo Expenses	1,514,548,00	251,229.00				
646	Transing Food	230,570,00	979,216,00				
643	Contratoricy Fees	46,541.00	49,947,00				
450	Hert Hates & Turkes	25,479,407,25	25,906,497,12				
431.	Descridation	1,608,418,66	1,777,500.18				
457	PSI and Publicity	1,200,841.00	349,074,00		Leggo - Total		
455	Other Mac Expenses	397,302,48	418,993.87				Market Street
454	Shiring Expense	15,512,00	0.00				
485	Exp. Of Remodeling of Rented promises	2,695,661.00	60,371.00				
457	Statisty Office Equipment/Re20004-	99,760.00	47,554.00		1		
480	\$ RAG	50,05	25.50				
461	Library Excesses	43.796.00	44,291.00				
-	Loren on half of Flored accesso/Kolluptal	6,351,00	0.60				
	EXCESS OF MICOME CYCR	28,276,377.36	0.80		1		
	EXPENDITURE				No.	1	
	FT-00F	245.004.244.55	163,427,319,87			218,884,514,72	163,427,395

AS PER OUR ARMESED REPORT POR GLM, KAPADIA & CO. CHARTERED ACCOUNTAINTS Firm Regiotration No. - 104767W

LATE Shahi (PARTHER) Membership No. 3955E PLACE: MUMBAI DAYE: B JUN 2015

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### CONSOLIDATED ACCOUNTS OF THE GOVERNING BODY OF INSURANCE COUNCIL. & 16 OMBUDSMAN DEFICES

### SCHEDULESTE

### NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31-3-2015

### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### A. SYSTEM OF ACCOUNTING

The GBIC has adopted the more antibe system of Accounting, except leave encoulants which is accounted on Cash busis.

### U. FIXED ASSETS

- Fixed Assets are stated at cost less depreciation.
- ii. Deproclation shall be provided at the rates prescribed as below and on the original cost of the assets on a Straight-Line Method as followed by the LiC of India. All assets costing opto Rs. 5000/- each shall be sharged to revenue (written off to account code 457 Sandry Office Equipment < Rs. 5000) in the year of purchase.</p>

Account Code	Asset	Rate of Deposeignon
216	Office Equipmeon(A)	456
216	Office foundments (V)	1096
217	Computers	30%
21#	Air Conditioners, Pridge etc.	10%
219	Discreted Fittings	540
221	Fios, Phones, EPAINCERS.	10%
222	Nerox Maching	2009
223	Library Books	20%
224	Mine Copital Equipments	10%

During the current Pinanchi year 2014-15, GDIC received quotations from the LIC of India towards inferstructure development work to be carried out at 3 proposed beamane Carbudatam Offices via. Beoggainm, Juipa and Pane situated in leased premises of the LIC isself. The said quotetions and equired bedget were approved by the Council. Accordingly the work order placed for emovation work to be earlied out at all these new Carbudantan Offices for setting up of the sains. As the infrastructure work was incomplete as at 31.03.2015 and final bills were awaited from the LIC of India, beace during the FY 2014-15, the GDIC made provision of Rs. 89, 54,115/- rowards Capital work in progress in the books of accounts.

-51



### CONSOLIDATED ACCOUNTS OF THE GOVERNING BODY OF INSURANCE COUNCIL. & 16 OMBUDSMAN OFFICES

### SCHEDULE 'B'

### NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31-3-2815

- The GBIC started its operations in 1998. Until 2000-2001, the Accounts were maintained by LIG. The GBIC started maintaining Accounts independently from the year 2001-2002. For the year 2001-2002, GBIC had only its Income & Expenditure Account certified by the Auditor. Hence, the opening balances brought down on 1<sup>st</sup> April, 2001 were unaudited figures.
- 3. The accounts of the 16 offices of GBIC have been audited by various auditors. The consolidation of the same is being done after considering the fact that the amount received from LIC towards its share of expenses is not a surplus, but an advance/re-imbursement towards its share of contribution. Further the amount received towards Capital Expenditure is reflected as a liability for contribution for Fixed Assets.
- 4. Till the current financial year, GBIC and all Insurance Ombudsman Offices used to receive a lump sum amount from the LIC of India for the funding of their expenses. The GBIC then calculates the market share of each member; LICI, GIPSA Companies and other private Insurance companies. The amount, which has been received from LICI, is apportioned as per their market share. During current FY 2014-15, Office of the GBIC carried out a provisional exercise for sharing of expenses based on the available market share data which pertains to previous FY i.e. 2013-14. Accordingly, provision has been made in the books of accounts of the GBIC for amount received from the LICI in excess of its share which will be refinded to them during the next financial year. As per the provision, the amount due to LIC as on 31,03,2015 is \$\infty\$, 14,44,04,631/-

From the financial year 2015-16, as approved in its Council meeting. Office of the GBIC had decided to discontinue the practice of receiving funds in advance only from the LIC and instead it has been decided to approach all member Insurance Companies including LIC for advance towards funding of their expenses. Accordingly, the GBIC had received fund of Rs. 4,45,41,210/- as at 31.3.2015 towards advance for PY 2015-16.

- Balances of Sundry Creditors and Stindry Debtors are subject to confirmations and reconciliations.
- In case of 5 centers, the salary of officials on deputation from the LIC of India is paid directly by respective Ombudsman Centre, whereas normally the parent company (such as LIC, New India Assurance etc.) pays the salary and the Ombudsman Centre reimburses it to them.

-2-2-



### CONSOLIDATED ACCOUNTS OF THE GOVERNING BODY OF INSURANCE COUNCIL & 16 OMBUDSMAN OFFICES

### SCHEDULE 'B'

### NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31-3-2015

- During the current FY 2014-15, Shri B.P Parija, Former Insurance Ombudaman, Bhubaneswar had filed Writ Petition No. 7698/2014 against GBIC before the Hon'ble High Court of Orissa at Curtack. He had claimed further Earned Leave encashment of 15 days, amounting to Rs. 76,000/- approx., which is pending for decision before the High Court. Office of the GBIC has not made any provision towards this contingent liability in its beoks of secounts.
- In the opinion of the management, Income Tax Return for the assessment year 2015-16 and for the earlier years is not required to be filed, as GBIC is not doing any commercial activity. We have sought a legal opinion on the matter and the opinion is availed.
- 9. During the year, status of complaints are as under (as compiled by the management):

Particulars	O/s. as on 01.04.2014	Received during the year	Disposed during the year	Outstanding as on 31.03.2015
For Life Insurance	5724	14339	15666	4397
For General Insurance	3893	7145	8653	2385
Total	9617	21484	24319	6782

SECRETARY

AS PER OUR REPORT OF EVEN DATE

For G.M. KAPADIA & CO. CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS FIRM REGISTRATION No. 184767W For GOVERNING BODY OF INSURANCE COUNCIL

(Atul Sheh)

PARTNER

Membership No. 39569

PLACE: NUMBAI

DATE: 8 JUN 2015

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### C) COMPLAINT STATISTICS

The Complaints Statistics have been generated through the CMS. The following consolidated statements as at 31.03.2015 are attached herewith:

No	Description	Statemen
1	Complaints Disposal (Summary - Life & General Insurance)	LIGI
2	Complaints Disposal Centre Wise Life Insurance)	1.2
3	Complaints Disposal (Company Wise Analysis- Life Insurance	L3
4	Complaints Disposal (Centre Wise General Insurance)	G2
5	Complaints Disposal (Company Wise General Insurance)	G3
6	Details of Awards & Recommendations – Amount Wise (Centre Wise- Life & General Insurance )	L4G4
7	Details of Awards & Recommendations – Amount Wise (Company Wise Analysis – Life Insurance)	L5
8	Details of Awards & Recommendations – Amount Wise (Company Wise Analysis – General Insurance)	G5
11	Nature wise classification of complains received (Centre Wise- Life & General Insurance )	L7G7
12	Nature Wise Classification of complaints received (Summary-Life)	L8
3	Nature wise Classification of Complaints received (Company wise analysis – Life Insurance)	L9
4	Nature wise Classification of complaints received (Centre wise – General Insurance)	G8
5	Nature wise classification of complaints received (Company wise analysis – General Insurance)	G9

OFFICE OF THE GOVERNING BODY OF INSURANCE COUNCIL Complaints Received & Disposal statement as at 31st MARCH 2015

STATEMENT L1G1

OFFICE OF THE GOVERNING BODY OF INSURANCE COUNCIL Complaints Disposal statement as at 31.03.2015

STATEMENT L2

OFFICE OF THE GOVERNING BODY OF INSURANCE COUNCIL.

Complaints Disposal statement as at 31st March 2015

																	LIFE INSURANCE	KANCE
Name of Company	Total No of Complaints	plaints				Complaints	disposed	by way of			Durationwise disposal of Complaints	o lesoden	Complaints		Durationwise	Outstanding	complaints	
Volume Notice and a finite limit	Ofs at the	Raceived	Total	Recomen-	Awards	Wilbutrawat	_	Dismissal	Ä	Total	Within 3	3 months	Above	Total	Withrin 3	3 morths	Abnve	TOTAL
	Beginning of the YEAR	during apr to mar		dations		Settlement	nce			Disposed	months	to 1 year	1 Year		months	to 1 Year	1 year	OUTSTANDING
Aegon Religare Life Ins.Co.Ltd.	221	433	654	23	170	30	0	59	205	487	68	230	189	487	51	83	33	167
Aviva Life	193	277	470	18	116	22	0	70	170	396	55	179	162	396	21	22	31	74
Bajaj-Allianz Life	250	669	949	18	129	62	0	111	416	736	126	396	214	736	62	115	36	213
BHARTI AXA LIFE	150	428	578	19	66	30	0	51	223	422	90	192	140	422	99	80	10	156
Birla-Sun Life	746	1044	1790	33	324	178	0	114	587	1236	175	502	559	1236	90	273	191	554
Canara HSBC Oriental Bank Life	12	41	53	2	2	0	0	12	33	49	11	27	11	49	-	2	-	4
DLF Pramerica Life Ins.Co.Ltd.	102	136	238	14	77	15	0	33	61	200	26	77	97	200	13	20	ıo	38
Edelweiss Tokio LIC Co.	60	21	24	0	2	0	0	က	16	21	ro	13	3	21	2	1	0	က
Future Generall	54	273	327	3	44	10	0	11	161	229	55	134	40	229	25	59	14	98
Hdfc-Standard Life	865	2012	2877	74	449	146	0	133	1325	2127	506	943	678	2127	167	395	188	750
ICICI-Prudential	395	1022	1417	31	181	142	0	79	929	1089	182	577	330	1089	77	185	99	328
IDBI Federal Life Ins.Co.Ltd.	46	100	146	"	19	24	0	11	28	113	21	53	39	113	10	16	7	33
IndiaFirst insurance co.	10	61	7.1	0	7	4	0	11	42	64	23	31	10	64	3	4	0	7
Exide Life Insurance Co.	80	310	390	2	58	13	0	23	191	287	65	162	60	287	27	56	20	103
Kotak Mahindra-OM	287	464	751	37	181	44	0	107	275	644	78	288	278	644	55	42	10	107
LIC of India	919	3396	4315	29	388	236	0	479	2497	3629	732	2156	741	3629	182	330	174	686
Max Life Insurance	144	452	596	4	98	40	0	58	294	494	91	280	123	494	28	53	21	102
PNB Met-Life	153	350	503	18	102	29	0	31	193	373	62	174	137	373	30	82	18	130
RELIANCE LIFE	542	1563	2105	22	299	223	0	105	889	1538	341	751	446	1538	179	292	96	267
SAHARA India Life	0	ın	ın	0	0	0	0	0	4	4	8	2	0	4	-	0	0	+
SBI LIFE	304	791	1095	20	141	44	0	141	601	947	190	499	258	947	38	64	46	148
SHRIRAM LIFE	37	117	154	e	28	7	0	6	75	122	33	56	33	122	10	18	Þ	32
Star Union Dal-Ichi Life Ins.Co.	8	20	58	qu.	4	9	0	7	37	50	S	37	8	20	2	5	0	83
TATA AIA LIFE	203	294	497	15	16	24	0	65	208	409	67	161	181	409	13	50	25	88
Total	NOTE:	44330	******	287	2045	4220	•	4749	2450	ARCCO	3009	7090	A727	15666	4454	2247	900	4397

# OFFICE OF THE GOVERNING BODY OF INSURANCE COUNCIL Complaints Disposal statement as at 31.03.2015

STATEMENT G2 GENERAL INSURANCE

Name of	Total	Total No of Complaints	ıts	ž	imber of comp	daints dispoe:	Number of complaints disposed off by way of		Duration	Burationwise disposal of Complaints	sal of Cor	plaints	Durat	Durationwise Cutstanding complaints	standing c	omplaints
Centre	Ofs at the	Received	Total	Recomen-	Withdrawal	Dissmissal	Non-	Total	Within 3	3 months Above	Above	Total	Within 3	3 months	Above	Total
	Beginning of the Year	during APR TO MAR		dations/	Settlement		acceptance/ NE	Disposed	months	to 1 year	1 Year	Disposed	months	to 1 Year	1 Year	Oustanding
Ahmedabad	271	811	1082	130	91	164	566	951	288	393	270	951	96	35	0	131
Bhopal	172	189	361	79	22	114	116	331	46	112	173	331	16	14	0	30
Bubaneshwar	109	150	259	61	0	49	88	198	13	92	109	198	11	20	0	61
Chandigarh	161	812	973	323	4	108	462	897	196	542	159	897	69	2	2	92
Chennai	12	520	532	132	51	67	282	532	147	373	12	532	0	0	0	0
Delhi	701	582	1283	566	147	0	331	1044	42	307	695	1044	99	177	9	239
jaipur	52	69	121	24	23	25	7	79	14	22	43	79	31	2	6	42
Guwahati	28	22	85	21	2	19	22	64	20	17	27	64	10	10	-	21
Hyderabad	66	462	561	134	42	29	286	529	84	346	66	529	22	10	0	32
Bengaluru	0	153	153	89	20	2	105	138	110	28	0	138	13	2	0	12
Kochi	402	386	788	294	42	138	160	634	56	195	383	634	72	63	19	154
Kolkata	480	009	1080	136	74	89	294	593	7.1	263	259	593	61	205	221	487
Lucknow	27	165	192	36	-	13	96	146	28	102	16	146	18	17	7	46
Noida	25	46	7.1	0	25	0		9		2	es	9	80	35	22	92
Mumbai	1267	1926	3193	692	245	510	970	2417	581	641	1195	2417	267	437	72	776
Pune	87	217	304	51	4	36	60	94	13	40	41	94	73	66	38	210
Total	3893	7145	11038	2687	773	1404	3789	8653	1710	3459	3484	8653	823	1161	401	2385

# Complaints Disposal statement as at 31.3.2015

STATEMENT G 3
GENERAL INSURANCE.

Name of Company	Ore at the Received	Of Complaints Received	Tetal	Recomen-	Awants	Withdrawal Non- Dissnip	Non-	Dissimissal	ME	Total	Within 3	Within 3 3 months Above Total	Above	Yetal	Wehin 3	Within 3 3 months	Above	n 3 3 months Above TOTAL
	Beginning of the YEAR	APR TO MAR		dations		Settlement	accept			Disposed	months	to 1 year	1 Year		manths	to 1 Year	1 year	OUTSTANDING
Agriculture Ins. Co.	-	69	90	0	0	0	0	9	42	88	100	40	0	88	0	٠		64
Apollo Munich Health	68	220	308	11	15	24	0	30	12	223	10	16	75	223	43	28	ņ	88
Bajaj-Allianz General	9	173	264	45	10	11	0	32	92	205	46	7.8	10	205	20	27	12	65
Bharati AXA Gen.ins.	28	81	106	N	15	11	0	7	20	10	30	33	22	50			0	21
CHNMB Association	0	4	4	0	0	0	0	0	4	4	n	+	0	4	0	0	0	0
Cholamandalam MS	36	920	82	74	44	64	0	10	35	63	15	24	24	63	100	6	N	19
Gigna TTK Health Ins. Co.	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0		+	+	0	0		-	0	0	-
ECGC	0		-	0	0	0	0	0	•	-	0	-		•	0	0	0	c
Future Generali Gen.	14	65	53	0	10	er	0		20	38	6	17	<u>e4</u>	38	00	7	N.	15
HDFC ERGO Gen.Ins.	10	131	183	4	28	14	0	23	79	152	39	65	48	152	10	11	4	34
ICICI-Lompard	139	384	520	22	69	57	0	80	239	445	112	27.3	120	445	23	37	15	75
IFFCO TOKIO	43	103	146	-	32	23	0	22	82	119	20	62	37	119	01	12	9	72
L & T General	4	24	52		4	2	0	*	13	20	9	12	ex	20	N	-	N	in.
LIBERTY VIDEOCON	0	13	13	0	-	N	0	0	~	10	7	n	0	10	n	0	0	6
MAGMA HDI Gent.	0	18	18	0	÷	70	0	0	6	Ŧ	6	80	0	÷	0	4	0	7
MAX BUPA Health	SD SD	250	305	10	47	20	0	20	132	229	9	121	433	229	26	43	1	76
Rahoja QBE Gon.Ins.	٥	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	a	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Reliance General	140	174	314	7	25	526	0	28	102	257	44	84	129	257	10	27	÷	22
Religare Health Ins.	4	54	80	+	in	2	0	10	22	38	13	18	4	35	10	13	0	23
Royal-Sundaram	26	6	155	47	28	4	0	29	51	111	23	54	42	117	9	9	12	38
SBI General	7	36	42	0	2	5	0	9	24	33	11	in.	1	33	2	60	0	m
Shriram Gen.ins.Co.Ltd.	32	35	67	ю	23	ın	0	ın	ĸ	65	ю	22	28	69	n	74	n	8
Star Health & Allied Ins.	247	521	768	42	131	123	0	125	240	159	130	270	231	634	57	67	13	137
TATA-AIG General	52	171	223	80	28	#	0	33	105	185	38	100	46	186	15	17	9	38
The National	909	960	1566	89	284	66	0	196	531	1178	206	453	519	1178	125	175	88	388
The New India	846	1424	2270	38	490	143	۰	328	761	1758	348	652	758	1758	157	268	49	512
The Oriental	610	937	1547	63	398	66	0	182	473	1215	226	434	5555	1215	419	159	54	332
The United-India	735	1134	1869	48	527	109	0	229	999	1469	232	989	877	1469	140	203	57	400
Universal Sompo Gen.	19	49	89	4	Ξ	6	0	1	22	52	12	22	13	52	4	£	-	16
Total	3893	7145	11038	331	2356	773	0	1404	報報	8653	1710	3459	3484	8653	823	1161	401	2385

Complaints Received & Disposal statement for the period 1.4.2014 to 31.3.2015 RECOMMENDATIONS AND AWARDS FOR THE PERIOD FROM 01.04.2014 to 31.3.2015 IN FAVOUR OF COMPLAINANTS RS. IN THOUSANDS

		1166		CENEDAL	TOTA	TOTAL
	RECOMMEND	RECOMMENDATION AND AWARDS	RECOMMEN	RECOMMENDATION AND AWARDS	RECOMMENDA	RECOMMENDATION AND AWARDS
Name of the Insurer						
	Number	Amount	Numbor	Amount	Number	Amount
AHMEDABAD	65	3859	130	4348	195	8207
BHOPAL	96	10836	79	2648	175	13484
BHUBANESHWAR	74	7	61	-	135	8
CHANDIGARH	1133	54991	323	67630	1456	122621
CHENNAI	92	12535	132	19321	187	31856
региі	770	12603	566	5251	1336	17854
JAIPUR	7.3	5964	24	1249	97	7213
GUWAHATI	46	69	21	3576	67	3645
HYDERABAD	137	42178	134	46089	271	88267
BENGALURU	30	3364	8	11	38	
КОСНІ	467	10340	294	13181	761	23521
KOLKATA	265	36335	136	3812	401	40147
LUCKNOW	158	12566	36	5644	194	18210
NOIDA						
MUMBAI	22	6106	692	46513	714	52619
PUNE	£	150	20	4678	62	4828
Total	3402	211903	2687	223952	6809	435855

### OFFICE OF THE GOVERNING BODY OF INSURANCE COUNCIL Complaints Disposal statement for the period 1.4.2014 upto 31.3.2015 IN FAVOUR OF COMPLAINANTS

STATEMENT L 5 LIFE INSURANCE (FIGURES IN '000)

				(1-	IGURES IN	
			2,00	22.22	RECOMMEND	
Name of Insurer		NDATIONS		ARDS	AWA	
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Aegon Religare Life Ins.Co.Ltd.	23	823	170	24136	193	24959
Aviva Life	18	327	116	12147.00	134	12474.00
Bajaj-Allianz Life	18	386	129	10349.00	147	10735.00
BHARTI AXA Life	19	229	99	3940.00	118	4169.00
Birla-Sun Life	33	760	324	14906.00	357	15666.00
Canara HSBC Oriental Bank Life	2		2	700.00	4	700.00
DLF Pramerica Life Ins.Co.Ltd.	14	182	77	5119.00	91	5301.00
Edelweiss Tokio Life Ins.	0	126	2		2	0.00
Future Generali	3		44	2104.00	47	2104.00
HDFC Standard Life	74	264.00	449	21282.00	523	21546.00
ICICI-Prudential	31	391	181	14478.00	212	14869.00
IDBI Federal Life Ins.Co.Ltd.	1		19	1344.00	20	1344.00
IndiaFirst Life Insurance co.	0		7	2140.00	7	2140.00
Exide Life Insurance Company Ltd	2		58	2057.00	60	2057.00
Kotak Mahindra-OM	37	184	181	4809.00	218	4993.00
LIC of India	29	1454	388	30675.00	417	32129.00
Max-Newyork Life	4		98	3980.00	102	3980.00
PNB Metlife India Ins. Co. P.Ltd	18	140	102	12065.00	120	12205.00
RELIANCE LIFE	22	1910	299	22079.00	321	23989.00
SAHARA India Life	0		0		0	0.00
SBI LIFE	20		141	9027.00	161	9027.00
SHRIRAM LIFE	3		28	3175.00	31	3175.00
Star Union Dai-Ichi Life Ins.Co.	1		4	460.00	5	460.00
TATA AIG LIFE	15		97	3881.00	112	3881.00
Total	387	7050.00	3015	204853.00	3402	211903.0

### Complaints Disposal statement as at 31.3. 2015

### STATEMENT G 5 GENERAL INSURANCE

Name of the Insurer	RECOM	MENDATIONS		AWARDS	RECOMME	NDATION & AWARDS
Name of the insurer	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Agriculture Ins. Co.	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
Apollo Munich	17	56.00	57	3185.00	74	3241.00
Bajaj-Allianz General	12	1030.00	55	5587.00	67	6617.00
BharatiAXA Gen.Ins.	2	0.00	15	3014.00	17	3014.00
CHNHB Association	0	0.00	0	0.00		0.00
Cholamandalam	2	0.00	14	3566.00	16	3566.00
Cigna TTK Health Ins. Co	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
ECGC	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
Future Generali Gen.	0	0.00	10	1970.00	10	1970.00
HDFC ERGO Gen.Ins.	7	16.00	29	4185.00	36	4201.00
ICICI-Lombard	22	0.00	69	10042.00	91	10042.00
IFFCO ТОКІО	1	37.00	32	2089.00	33	2126.00
L & T Gnel. Ins. Co.	0	0.00	4	2083.00	4	2083.00
Liberty Videocon Gen.ins.	0	0.00	1	25.00	1	25.00
Magma HDI Gen. Ins.Co.	0	0.00	1	233.00	1	233.00
MAX BUPA	10	0.00	47	3057.00	57	3057.00
Raheja QBE Gen.Ins.	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
Reliance General	7	506.00	94	19796.00	101	20302.00
Religare Health Ins.	1	0.00	5	736.00	6	736.00
Royal-Sundaram	4	6.00	29	4707.00	33	4713.00
SBI Geni. Ins. Co.	0	0.00	2	867.00	2	867.00
Shriram Gen.Ins.Co.Ltd.	5	0.00	23	4299.00	28	4299.00
Star Health & Allied Ins.	12	154.00	131	10058.00	143	10212.00
TATA-AIG General	8	0.00	28	5793.00	36	5793.00
National Ins.	68	500.00	284	24342.00	352	24842.00
The New India	38	199.00	490	35721.00	528	35920.00
The Oriental	63	161.00	398	27138.00	461	27299.00
United-India	48	1025.00	527	46093.00	575	47118.00
Universal Sompo Gen.	4	0.00	11	1676.00	15	1676.00
Total	331	3690.00	2356	220262.00	2687	223952.00

Complaints Received and Disposal statement for the period 1.4.2014 to 31.3.2015 NATURE WISE CLASSIFICATION OF COMPLAINTS RECEIVED AS AT 31.3.2015

STATEMENT L 7G7 LIFE INSURANCE & GENERAL INSURANCE

			NON ENTERTAINABLE	NABLE					ENTERTAINABLE	SLE			
NAME OF THE INSURER	Beyond Scope of Rule (12 b to f)	Not within Jurisdiction 13(1)	Not availed of insurance Co. Grievance Redressal Mechanism 13 ( a )	Sub-judice in courts/ forums 13 ( c )	Time barrod 13(b)	TOTAL.	Partial or total repudiation of claim.	Disputo in regards to premiums paid or payable in terms of policy.	Dispute on the legal construction of the policies in so far as such dispute relates to claim	Delay in swittlement of claims.	Non-issue of insurance document to customer after receipt of premium.	TOTAL	TOTAL
AHMEDABAD	1027	25	37	0	26	1115	341	55		1	0	398	1513
BHOPAL	331	12	302	2	5	652	86	104	3	10	7	222	874
BUBANESWAR	20	2	257	63	9	348	213	S)	-	82	2	303	651
CHANDIGARH	92	32	992	2	14	1116	348	1463	5	33	3	1852	2968
CHENNAI	691	40	413	٠	34	1179	323	2	7	4	3	334	1513
DELHI	389	356	617	22	45	1412	330	286	47	14	12	689	2101
JAIPUR	4	+	35	9	9	52	182	61	18	2	4	267	319
GUWAHATI	14	2	135	0	46	197	93	64	4	36	4	201	398
HYDERABAD	525	166	428	3	44	1166	357	4	51	е	4	419	1565
BENGALURU	64	7	139	2	3	215	83	29	9	10	2	130	345
КОСИІ	09	16	363	0	ın	444	391	106	47	7	6	554	866
KOLKATA	644	33	434	63	19	1133	412	813	9	95	16	1342	2475
LUCKNOW	374	32	381	4	29	858	142	104	0	10	4	260	1118
NOIDA		0	0	0	0	*	63	38	0	7	4	112	113
MUMBAI	1099	630	1344	3	34	3110	1013	56	0	2	4	1078	4188
PUNE	2	0	9	0	0	60	260	46	2	6	0	317	325
Total	5321	1354	5883	94	354	13006	4649	3236	193	328	72	8478	21484

Complaints Received & Disposed statement as at 31.3,2015 NATURE WISE CLASSIFICATION OF COMPLAINTS RECEIVED AS AT 31.3,2015

STATEMENT L 8 LIFE INSURANCE

	TOTAL TOTAL	153 702	149 685	241 501	1502 2156	96 993	438 1519	205 250	166 341	243 1123	62 192	328 612	1036 1875	191 953	67 67	122 2262	103 108	The second secon
	Non-issue of insurance document to customer after recoipt of premium.	0	7	N	8	¥	12	4	4	m	N	2	14	т	9	ю	0	
	Delay in settlement of claims.	1	4	7.0	17	ю	8	Ŧ	24	2	10	2	778	4	1	4	un.	
ENTERTAINABLE	Dispute on the legal construction of the policies in so far as such dispute relates to claim	0	. 2	+	N	14	47	18	4	24	0	47	10	0	0	0	+	
	Dispute in regards to premiums paid or payable in terms of policy.	54	102	w	1453	0	282	61	57	4	29	100	808	102	38	54	45	
	Partial or total repudiation of claim.	98	37.	163	28	90	89	121	77	183	35	174	134	82	24	84	52	
	TOTAL	949	536	263	654	788	1081	45	175	880	110	284	628	762	0	2140	102	
	Time harred 13(b)	15	2	N	13	15	72	9	43	30	n	8	7	63	0	12	0	
BLE	Sub-judice in courts/ forums 13 (c)	0	1	44	0	0	4	9	0	1	2	0	1	+	0	e	0	
NON ENTERTAINABLE	Not availed of Insurance Co. Grievance Redressal Mechanism 13 ( a )	16	247	194	582	247	441	29	120	303	55	231	282	332	0	789	4	
ž	Not within Jurisdiction 13(1)	18	12	23	22	26	315		2	118	2	12	25	28	0	415	0	
	Beyond Scope of Ruio (12 b to f)	500	274	18	37	609	294	е	10	428	48	38	524	344	0	924		
	NAME OF THE INSURER	AHMEDABAD .	BHOPAL	BUBANESWAR	CHANDIGARH	CHENNAI	DELHI	JAIPUR	GUWAHATI	HYDERABAD	BENGALURU	КОСНІ	KOLKATA	LUCKNOW	NOIDA	MUMBAI	PUNE	

Compinints Received & Disposal statement for the period 1.4.2014 to 31.3.2015 NATURE WISE GLASSIFICATION OF COMPLAINTS RECEIVED AS AT 31.3.2016

STATEMENT L 9 LIFE INSURANCE

			NON ENTERTAINABLE	BIE					ENTERTAINABLE	2			
NAME OF THE INBURER	Beyond Scope of Rule	Not within Jurisdiction 13(1)	Not availed of insurance Co, Grievance Redressel Mechanism 12 ( n )	Sub-judice in courts/ focums 13 ( c )	Time transed 13(b)	TOTAL	Partial or total repudiation of claim.	Dispute in regards to premisms paid or psyshie in terms of policy.	Dispute on the legal construction of the policies in se far as such dispute relater to claim.	Belay in settlement of claims.	Non-taxue of insurance decument to customer after receipt of premium, of premium,	TOTAL	A B + B
Aegon Religare Life Ins.Co.Ltd.	101	24	7.1	+	8	205	22	189	6	7		228	433
Aviva Life	84	27	48	0	++	170	11	84	9	24	+	107	277
Sajaj-Alllanz Life	206	41	149	ın	15	416	105	149	12	40		283	669
BHARTI AXA LIFE	103	30	83	+	10	223	34	152	9	10		205	428
Birla-Sun Life	244	7.0	250	4	49	587	99	348	30	7	ø	487	1044
Canara MSBC Oriental Bank Life	15	8	e	0	-	33	2	10	0	0	1	83	41
DLF Pramerica Life Ins.Co.Ltd.	21	7	34	+	-	15	80	19	0	0	0	52	136
Edelweiss Toklo LIC Co.	4	+	10	0		10	N	e	0	0	0	N)	7
Future Generali	99	20	65	3	7	161	34	78	m	0	0	112	273
HDFC-Standard Life	634	155	200	4	32	1325	78	287	20	12	10	587	2012
IGIGI-Prudential	293	69	277	1	16	888	94	247	12	9	10	386	1022
IDBI Federal Life Ins.Co.Ltd.	32	is.	24	0	0	88	7	33	N	0	0	42	100
IndiaPirst Life Insurance Co.Ltd.,	19	7	16	0	0	42	16	п	0	0	0	on on	9.0
ING-Vysya	75	16	94	2	4	181	24	90	2	4	*	119	310
Kotak Mahindra-OM	444	24	128	2	10	275	34	142	8	2	m	189	484
LIC of India	1032	229	1144	25	29	2497	598	114	28	145	14	588	3380
Max-Newyork Life	142	22	121	1	10	284	33	119	N	m	÷	158	452
Met-Life	85	22	84	1	•	183	27	117	1	4	7	157	350
RELIANCE LIFE	393	121	357	7	+	883	117	535	61	13	0	674	1563
SAHARA India Life	8	*	0	0	0	4		0	0	0	0	٠	10
SBI LIFE	229	72	283	4	13	109	98	67	16	7	N	190	791
SHRIRAM LIFE	32	10	35	0	0	7.5	8	30	и	-	0	42	117
Star Union Dal-Ichi Life Ins.Co.	19	2	15	0		37	9	9	0	٠	0	57	50
TATA AIG LIFE	103	14	81	1	6	208	20	48	10	22	3	96	294
Total	4048	995	3872	63	244	2450	4454	1488	486	224	2.4	5422	94779

Total column of A, B and A+8 are PORMULA DRIVEN

Complaints Received and Disposed statement as at 31.3.2015
NATURE WISE CLASSIFICATION OF COMPLAINTS RECEIVED AS AT 31.3.2015

STATEMENT G 8 GENERAL INSURANCE

N	NON ENTERTAINA	ABLE					ENTERTAINABLE				
Z 2 3 S	Not availed of Insurance Co. Grievance Redressal Mechanism	Sub-judice in courts/ forums 13 ( c )	Time barred 13(b)	TOTAL	Partial or total ropudiation of claim.	Dispute in regards to premiums paid or payable in terms of policy.	Dispute on the legal construction of the policies in so far as such dispute relates to claim	Delay in settlement of claims.	Non-issue of insurance document to customer after receipt of premium.	TOTAL TOTAL	TOTAL A+B
	24	0	11	566	243		,	0	0	245	811
	55	+	м	116	61	7		6	0	73	189
	63	19	4	00 00	20	0	0	12	0	62	150
	410	2	+	462	320	10	n	16	-	350	812
	166	+	19	282	233	N	0	•	2	238	520
	176	+	18	331	241	4	0	9	0	251	582
	9	0	0	7	61	0	0		0	62	69
	15	0	3	22	16	7	0	12	0	35	57
	125	2	14	286	174	0	0	-	•	176	462
	84	0	0	105	48	0	0	0	0 ~ 1	48	153
	132	0	2	160	217	9	0	2	+	226	388
	152	2	12	284	278	8	-	17	2	306	800
	49	3	4	96	09	2	0	9	1	69	165
	0	0	0	4	39	0	0	9	0	45	46
	555	0	22	970	949	5	0	E	+	926	1926
	2	0	0	6.3	208	1	·	4	0	214	217
	2011	31	113	3789	3198	48	7	94	6	3356	7145

Complaints Received & Disposal statement for the period 1.4.2014 to 31.3.2015 NATURE WISE CLASSIFICATION OF COMPLAINTS RECEIVED FOR THE PERIOD 1.4.2014 TO 31.3.2015

GENERAL INSURANCE

STATEMENT G 9

174 \$ m 1424 131 103 250 521 171 960 1134 TOTAL A+B 5 0 0 **6**; 101 101 전 약 약 448 3356 £ 2 12 T 15 10 10 \$7.0 4 281 423 883 484 TOTAL m to castomer after receipt insurance of promium Delay in settlement of claims. 0 0 4 0 et. 44 0 0 4 0 0 20 2 9 Ħ P4 4 9 0 N -0 er. ENTERTAINABLE Dispute on the lugal construction of the policies in so far as such dispute relates to claim 0 0 0 . 0 0 0 a 0 0 9 0 . • 0 œ 9 Dispute in regards to premiums paid or payable in terms of policy. Partial or fotal repudiation of claim. 3198 138 113 11 74 30 + 135 275 400 641 440 557 # ş 20 29 38 99 -= 12 . m -0 4 2 9.0 60 8 SCR 14 10 132 12 24 240 105 12 53.1 TOTAL 4 Time 13(b) 113 12 20 . 0 0 49 n ø . 0 10 0 Sub-judice in courts/ 13 ( c ) 0 9 -. . 0 • 0 3 NON ENTERTAINABLE Net availed of Insurance Co. Grievance Mochanism Redressal 13(a) 283 374 2011 35 148 248 10 \$ 29 ä 12 S 4 5 4 = n 10 œ Not within Jurisdiction 359 ÷ 32 = 2 32 = 쁗 w 24 (12 b to f Beyond Scope of Rule 184 42 38 \$ 4 2 22 10 22 팢 30 9 2 93 0 0 ø in N ė4 o 24 NAME OF THE INSURER Shriram Gen.Ins.Co.Ltd. Star Health & Allied Ins. Universal Sampo Gen. Cigns TTk health Ins... HDFC ERGO Gen.Ins. Bajaj-Allianz Ganeral BharatiaXA Gen.Ins. Future Generali Gen. Kabaja QBE Gon.Ins. LIBPRTY VIDEOCON Agriculture Ins. Co. Religare Health Ins. CHNHB Associates TATA-AIG General Rollanco General Cholamandalam Royal-Sundaram The United-India Apollo Munich ICICI-Lombard L & T General The New India IFFCO TORGO The National SBI General The Oriental MAGMA HID MAX BUPA BCGC Total



### D) COMMON OBSERVATIONS/SUGGESTIONS/RECOMMENDATIONS OF OMBUDSMEN REGARDING QUALITY OF SERVICES RENDERED BY INSURER & CAUSES OF GRIEVANCES.

### In- House Grievance Redressal Mechanism of Insurer

- In-house Grievance Redressal Mechanism of Insurers should be strengthened. The Insurer should provide the name and address of Grievance Redressal Office in the policy bond so that the Insured can easily approach the GRO to make complaint and get immediate solution.
- A complaint should be acknowledged, assessed and assigned properly.
- In case investigation is required, the same should be carried out without delay to resolve factual issues to dispose off the complaint.
- The Insurers' response to the complainant should be clear and informative-" Speaking Letter".
   If the complainant is not
- If the complainant is not satisfied with the response, internal review of the decision should be
  offered and information about external review should be provided.
- · Any systemic issues that arise as a result of the complaint should be considered and acted on
- Insurer should set both qualitative and quantitative measures for assessing their complaint
  handling. There should be regular reporting to the Management on number of complaints
  received and resolved, especially systemic issues.

It was observed that in spite of grievance redressal mechanism being in place in Insurance Companies as per the requirements of Protection of Policyholders Interest Regulation, Insurers, instead of resolving customer's grievances at their end direct them to the Insurance Ombudsman thus defeating the very purpose of the internal grievance redressal machinery.

### Maintaining Fraud Data Base at IRDA Level

IRDA may start maintaining Fraud Data Base and ask Insurance Companies to include names of agents indulging in Mis-selling. Where cases of Mis-selling are found, the Ombudsman should ask Insurance companies to include name of agent in Fraud Data Base at the time of passing the Award/Order. The policyholders should be asked to submit the details of fraudulent agents "online" which can be published after verification. Criminal action should be taken against agents identified for mis-selling

### Non- furnishing of terms and conditions of the policy

It is necessary for Insurance Companies to be transparent at the time of issuance of the policy. Policyholder should be informed and supplied with all terms and conditions of the policy including benefits and exclusions, especially by non-life companies. Many complaints arise only because of the lack of awareness of the proper terms and conditions of the policy.



Insurers should inform the Office of the Insurance Ombudsman about changes in the terms and conditions of their products to keep the Centers abreast of Amendments in policies. Technical circulars issued by Insurance Companies should also be furnished to the Offices of the Insurance Ombudsman. All Insurers are requested to kindly furnish circulars to the Offices of Insurance Ombudsman.

### Nomination of Nodal officers

Nodal officers should be nominated to present the Insurance Companies defence before the Ombudsman.. Usually junior officials are deputed who are unable to put up a proper defence or take a final stand. This, at times, results in delay in settlement of cases. Insurance Companies must pay attention to ensure that the self-contained note along with the relevant claim related documents are submitted in time. Sometimes the policy issued / claim is settled at the Central/Corporate office while officials at local / branch level attending the hearing are not aware of that decision.

### · Name, Address and Telephone Number of the Servicing Branch

Some Insurers print address and telephone number of their Customer Care Centre(small font) and Insurance Ombudsman Centers(big font). However, address and telephone numbers of policy issuing office / servicing office is not given on the policy document. Many private sector insurers mention only name and address of the Registered and Corporate office in their policy document. Consequently the policyholder faces problems like payment of renewal premium etc. and often comes/telephones. Office of Insurance Ombudsman whose address is invariably given in the policy document.

### Award, Recommendation not complied with by Insurer

Sometimes Insurance Companies do not satisfy the Award giving reasons that they are proposing to file an Appeal against the Ombudsman's Order. Even in cases where the Companies file Writ Petitions in the High Court, they are bound to satisfy the award unless a Stay is granted by the High Court. But in actual practice, Companies are delaying giving effect to the Order till the outcome of the Writ Petition is known. The Insurance companies are well aware of the fact that the Insurance Ombudsman's order is binding on them and there is no provision for filing Appeal as per RPG Rules 1998.

 The orders passed by Ombudsman should be implemented by Insurance Companies and the cases be brought to the notice of all officials of the company so that similar cases can be decided upon accordingly.



### Pool of Standardised Information should be maintained

Insurers can pool all the information of mutual interest relating to issuance of policies and settlement of claim. For this purpose, standardisation of information would be required. Some common identifier i.e. Aadhar, PAN, mobile number can be used to find out the information relating to a particular insured/ proposer. This can be made part of "Digital India" program of the GOI. This information bank would help Insurance Companies in refusing bad risks (frauds).

### Mis-selling (Life)

The major area of concern for complaints in respect of Life Insurance policies relate to misselling of policies. Private Insurers, are especially requested to take suitable measures in this respect. Causes of mis-selling are:

- Cheating and misrepresentation by the Intermediaries- fraud, forgery, obtaining signatures on the blank proposal forms and distortion in personal history in proposal forms.
- · False promise of loan, pension, free gifts like gold coins, free health insurance, bonus payment.
- Issuing policy in the name nominee instead of proposer after obtaining signature on blank forms,
   PAN card.
- Selling long term policies 20-25 years term to senior citizens.
   The cases of mis-selling may be reduced by making consumers aware of policy terms, conditions, coverage and premium especially in the rural, semi-rural areas and senior citizens.

### · Non- Receipt of Policy document - Denial Free Look Option ( Life)

The Free look period should be 45 days as it may reduce the chances of fraud where the policy documents are deliberately despatched late to customers or agents collect the policy documents on behalf of the client. The complainant usually approaches the company after the mandatory Free Look period is over. It may be because the policy bond is either not sent by the company or sent at a wrong address. In most of the cases, Insurance Companies fail to provide satisfactory proof of delivery of the policy documents to the Insured on the argument that matter is old and the proof has not been preserved. Under these circumstances, determination of the free look cancellation period becomes difficult. The Insurance Companies should obtain a proper acknowledgement of receipt of original / duplicate policy bonds from the insured or his authorized representative so that such complaint may be resolved amicably.

### Settlement of ULIP Policy (Life)

In ULIP policies, when claim is repudiated on grounds of non-declaration of the material fact, even the fund value is not paid. In ULIP policies the investment risk in the chosen investment portfolio is borne by the Insured. Suppression of material facts can operate only with relation to



life risk, which is covered by the Insurer. In respect of that portion of premium which is invested in the capital market where the investment risk is fully borne by the Insured, it cannot be enforced. The risk of investment is that of the investor, hence insurer cannot hold on to this fund. Hence Life Insurance Companies should revisit the provisions of repudiating claim under ULIP policy.

### · Repudiation of death claim ( Life )

In some cases it was observed that pre-proposal medical examination was done by Insurer's Doctor and the latter certified the good health of the proposer after which the policy was issued. Subsequently, it turned out that life assured was suffering from DM/HTN etc. and the claim was denied due to suppression of material facts. Whether or not the claim is admissible, is a matter to be decided by the Insurance Company itself. Doctors are not the best interpreters of insurance contracts. Further repudiation letters need to be drafted appropriately to make the complainant aware of the reasons for repudiation of death claim.

In some cases death claims have been repudiated on the grounds that the nominee had no insurable interest in the contract. The matter of insurable interest could have been examined at an earlier stage.

### Financial Underwriting Rules not followed (Life)

It has been observed that policies involving huge annual premium have been issued to retired persons by same office of one Insurance Company. On scrutiny it is found that the Insured does not have the capacity to pay the premium in the second year. Clearly financial underwriting rules have not been followed by the Insurance Company.

### Review of Claim, rejected by TPAs, by Insurer (Gen)

Repudiation of claims is done without reference to the Insurer with whom the complainant has the contract. During the course of the hearing, Company officials who represent the case on behalf of Company argue that TPA has rejected the claim and not the Company. It is often seen that the repudiation letters are being sent by TPAs, without adequately explaining the reason for total or partial repudiation of the Mediclaim. As per Health Regulation issued by IRDA, Insurance Company must review the decisions taken by the TPA. TPA's decision on settlement of claim is not final and the matter should be reviewed by the Insurer and repudiation letter are sent by them explaining the reasons for total or partial repudiation.

Further, whenever, the complainant makes a review application against repudiation, the representation has to be examined and replied to by an official other than the one repudiated the claim.



### Settlement of Medi-Claim by TPA / Insurer (Gen)

In Mediclaim, the basis of settlement of claim is not explained by the TPA/Insurer. The money is directly transferred to the A/c of the Insured without details. Many a times, the TPA/Insurer states the claim is not payable as there is no "Active line of Treatment." The Companies need to define the active line of treatment. Otherwise the medical dictionary defines Active line of treatment as — Treatment directed immediately to the cure of the disease or injury. Therapeutic substance or course intended to ameliorate the basic problem as opposed to supportive or palliative treatment

### Appropriate suggestions not given in case of Portability of Medi-claim Policy (Gen)

At the time of change of Mediclaim policy from one Insurer to another, the Insurer/Intermediary is required to explain portability which does not happen, consequently resulting in disputes. As per Regulation 3(3) of the Protection of Policyholders Interest Regulations 2002, it is stated that "where the prospect depends upon the advice of the Insurer or his agent or an insurance intermediary such a person must advise the prospect dispassionately." This needs to be followed in letter and spirit by the Insurance Company and intermediaries- agents/brokers/TPAs.

### Survey in the absence of Insured (Gen )

In motor claims, the survey is conducted in the absence of either the Insured or his representative and the estimate approved by the surveyor becomes a cause for complaint. There should be proper coordination between the Insurer, surveyor, vehicle owner and service centre. A copy of survey report should be made available to the Insured, as provided for in IRDA Regulations, explaining the assessed amount in detail. This will minimize the controversies between the parties.

### · Doctor's / Surgeon's fee Bill not included in claim amount ( Gen)

Some Insurers are disallowing doctor's /surgeon's fee if raised separately and not included in the hospitalization bill. It is felt that hospitalization is an event and expenses if incurred during the period of hospitalization should be treated as part of hospitalization bill and should be allowed. Moreover, there is a general tendency on the part of the treating doctor/surgeon to hire O.T. of a hospital or nursing home. In such case, the doctor raises and the hospital raises separate bills. All Doctor, Surgeon and Hospital Bill connected to single hospitalization event should be regarded as expenses of hospitalization for the purpose of calculation of claim amount payable to the insured.



### · Information about PPN Hospitals, their charges not mentioned in Policy (Gen)

The Insurance Companies have authorized some hospitals as PPN Hospitals which have fixed charges for some diseases. But this is not informed to the Policy holders nor are these charges mentioned in the policy conditions. When the policy holders are going for a planned treatment under intimation to the Insurer and/or TPA, they are not advised to use the services of PPN hospitals and their applicable rates. It is also a fact that these PPN hospitals are not always charging the pre-decided rates and in many cases, an undertaking is taken from the patient admitted that charges if any in excess of approved rates, will be borne by the Insured. In this way, these PPN Hospitals are charging higher amount than prescribed by the Insurers. The onus on ensuring that hospitals charge nothing beyond package rates lies on the Companies and TPAs who are parties to the contract. The Insured must not be penalized in any way.

### Repudiation of claim relating to Macular Degeneration of the eye (Gen)

With the introduction of specific exclusions of ARMD, such complaints have been reduced. This costly treatment does not require hospitalization due to advancement in technology. The Insurance Companies should have a system to regularly review technological advancements in the field of medicine and take a stand on admissibility of claims.



#### BRIEF REPORTS OF THE E)

# OFFICES OF THE INSURANCE OMBUDSMEN

An edited version citing important issues dealt at various Offices of the Insurance Ombudsmen is briefed hereunder:

#### From the desk of the Insurance Ombudsman - AHMEDABAD

Pending appointment of Insurance Ombudsman at Ahmedabad, Dr. Virendar Kumar, Insurance Ombudsman, Chennai, Shri A K Sahoo, Insurance Ombudsman, Pune and Shri Sadashiv Mishra, Insurance Ombudsman, Patna carried out monthly hearings in the Office of the Insurance Ombudsman, Ahmedabad at varied periods. The Insuring public at Gujarat felt happy as complaints started getting redressed and they were able to get relief. During this period, a lecture on RPG Rules was delivered to the BMs/DMs of Oriental Insurance Company wherein the other Regional In-charges of United India, National Insurance and New India Assurance also had participated. Through this session many doubts of the Insurers were clarified.

The Centre celebrated Bima Lokpal Day with policy holders, Officials of the Insurance Companies & the Print Media. Interaction sessions with the Insurance Companies were also held so that the Companies could understand the grievances of their policy holders & curtail the number of complaints. The Centre was successful in arriving at settlements on around 113 complaints under life cases & 127 complaints under non-life cases without hearing; the complaints were closed as 'complaints withdrawn\*.

## AUDIT AND ACCOUNTS

M/s Manubhai & Shah, Chartered Accountants, Ahmedabad, had been appointed as Auditors for the year 2014-15. The Audited Accounts for the year ended 31st March, 2015, along with Schedules duly signed by the Auditors and the Auditors' Report, were submitted to the GBIC. There were no adverse comments in the Auditors' Report.



## From the desk of the Insurance Ombudsman - BENGALURU

The grievances pertaining to Karnataka earlier attended by Insurance Ombudsman, Hyderabad. is now being attended by Insurance Ombudsman, Bengaluru with the setting-up of the Office at Bengaluru, to cater to the State of Karnataka.

Bima Lokpal Day was organized on 11.11.2014 and attended by representatives of Insurance Companies, Complainants, General Public and Press Representatives. A presentation on working of institution of Insurance Ombudsman was made, Representatives of the Insurance Company were given an opportunity for feedback/suggestions and claimants for sharing their experiences.

Presentation was made before under graduate and post graduate law students from JSS Law College, Mysore, explaining the origin of institution of Insurance Ombudsman in India, the provisions of the RPG Rules and rational thereof, with an objective of creating awareness.. A guest lecture was delivered to the students of National Law School of India University, Bengaluru.

In the last year, five out-station hearings have been held because of which local offices of Insurance companies are more responsive to requirements and understand the significance of the resolution of grievances through the Office of the Insurance Ombudsman.

#### **OBSERVATIONS & SUGGESTIONS**

- Wider publicity of the scheme in print media. More offices required to reach to the customers.
- For speedy disposal and effective hearing, copy of claim documents filed by the complainant along with the complaint can be provided. The insurer in such case can send a comprehensive response/appropriate written version.
- Sending the hearing letter directly to the servicing / handling office than sending to Head office.
- · Online hearing may be a way forward to make it easy for participants to attend
- More interaction with the industry; both Life and Non-Life, on periodic basis
- Strengthening the in-house grievance redressal mechanism of insurers

## AUDIT & ACCOUNTS

Initially the expenses of the office were reimbursed by GBIC. The accounts are maintained in TALLY software, activated from 03.12.2014. All relevant entries were passed for finalization of accounts as on 31.03.2015 and the Accounts were closed for the Financial Year 2014-15, duly audited by M/s. Badari, Madhusudhan & Srinivasan, Chartered Accountants.

The independent Audit Report is a satisfactory report except for the Notes / Remarks for pending capitalization in full for all the assets available and the consequent depreciation which was due to the on-going process of modernization of the premises and collection of bills from contractor.



## From the desk of the Insurance Ombudsman - BHOPAL

The Office of the Insurance Ombudsman, Bhopal gave priority to complaints of senior citizens and those from terminally ill persons. In the year 2014-15 Bhopal Centre shall be in a position to resolve complaints within a time frame of 90 days as required under the RPG Rules, 1998. In the last year, seven outstation hearings were held.

Bima Lokpal Day was celebrated on 11/11/2014 with active involvement of all staff members. The invitees included Chairperson of Mahila Chetana Manch, Managing Director- Apex Bank, Officials from the Life and Non Life Insurance Companies and media personnel. All participants were of the view that more publicity is required to create awareness among the general public regarding the Institution of Insurance Ombudsman.

A Seminar for Life and Non Life Insurers was held on 14/11/2014 where the Divisional Manager, Western Central Railways, Bhopal Division was the Guest of Honor. He declared that the Bima Lokpal hoardings detailing the procedure for filing complaints shall be displayed at railway stations at Bhopal & Habibganj.

Bhopal Doordarshan arranged a tele-talk with the public on insurance complaints and it was well received by the public at large and was broadcasted twice during the year from Bhopal Radio Station for creating awareness among the public.

We were invited for a Seminar & Exhibition organized by the Commissioner, Food, Civil supplies and Consumer Protection, Madhya Pradesh on the occasion of World Consumer day on 15/03/2015. The general public evinced a lot of interest about this institution and raised a number of queries.

#### **OBSERVATIONS & SUGGESTIONS**

- A number of life cases connected with mis-selling are generally based on fraud and forgery of signatures of the policy holder/ life assured on proposal forms and benefit/ sales illustration and it is almost impossible to establish Mis-selling. Mis-selling can be reduced by making consumers aware of Insurance especially in rural areas. The companies, IRDA and Offices of Insurance Ombudsman should hold meetings involving Panchayats, local administrations & NGOs to spread awareness about Insurance.
- A provision should be made under RPG Rules, 1998 for execution of an Award and any penal action in case of default of the compliance of the Award by the Insurer.



- There should be provision for filing of Curative Petition in case of rectifying the Legal/Factual defect after passing of an Award/Order which are apparent on the face of record.
- 4. There should be provision to strike off the defence taken during hearing in case of non-filing of SCN/reply before date of hearing and there should be a specific provision for granting leave to file SCN at belated stage/date of hearing on payment of cost by the Insurer to the complainant.

## **Audit and Accounts**

The audit for the Annual Accounts for the financial year was conducted by M/s R.Shan & Co., Chartered Accountants. The accounts were finalized without any adverse comments from the Auditors.



## From the desk of the Insurance Ombudsman BHUBANESWAR

The dispute resolving machinery provided to this forum is nothing but a gift of the RPG Rules, 1998. The main object is to resolve complaints relating to settlement of claim on the part of insurance companies in a cost effective, efficient and impartial manner. The Office of the Insurance Ombudsman, Bhubaneswar has a territorial jurisdiction over all the insurance offices in the State of Odisha.

Bima Lokpal day was observed on 11/11/2014. Local representatives of Insurance Companies and some selected elites actively participated in a Seminar organized on the day.

## OBSERVATIONS & SUGGESTIONS

- 1. Delay in settlement of claims must be probed.
- 2. Claims are repudiated without assigning reasons
- Agents should be trained to avoid mis-selling.
- Insurance companies should educate the insuring public and Agents about the importance of
  exact disclosure of material facts at the time of filling up the proposal form and also at the time
  of revival of lapsed policy.
- TPAs decision on settlement of claims should not be final and the matter should be reviewed by the insurer to arrive at a judicious decision.
- Assessment of surveyors on the quantum of loss in motor claims is not in tune with the desired repairs and reasons for not allowing the estimated items are not explained.
- Technical circulars issued by insurance companies should be furnished to the offices of the insurance ombudsman.
- 8. The craze for new business, communication gap between the insurer and the insured, casual approach in filing up proposal forms, nondisclosure of terms and conditions of policy and the indifferent approach in settlement of claims being the genesis of most complaints, the Insurer should take necessary steps to plug these loopholes.
- The awards of the Ombudsman must be implemented in true letter and spirit within the stipulated time limit. Intimation should also be sent to the Office of the Insurance Ombudsman through mail or hard copy.

## Audit and Accounts:

The audit for the Annual Accounts for the financial year was conducted by M/s CK Prusty & Associates, Chartered Accountants. The accounts were finalized without any adverse comments from the Auditors.



## From the desk of the Insurance Ombudsman - CHANDIGARH

The Office of the Insurance Ombudsman, Chandigarh interacted with insurers and the insured which gave an insight into their views, attitudes and perspectives. It was observed that public is quite ignorant with the basics of insurance. On the other hand, the representatives of the Insurance Companies do not take sufficient pains to convey the nuances of insurance and related products to their prospective clients which often leads to a misconception and improper communication leading to enhancement of grievances.

Bima Lokpal Day was celebrated on 11<sup>th</sup> November 2014 and the Day was utilized in interacting with Insurance Companies who willingly came forward and settled 104 complaints of their own on a single day.

Keeping in view pecuniary competence of National Level Commission / State Level Commission, the Insurance Ombudsman should be entrusted with pecuniary powers at least upto 50 lakhs instead of 20 lakhs, since their jurisdiction is either one state or more than one state.

## **OBSERVATIONS & SUGGESTIONS**

- Insurers should appoint Nodal officers to liaise and deal in the cases with punctuality and attendance during hearings.
- Presentations of Insurers do not have a thorough comprehensive, meticulous and professional approach and they do not cover the core issues raised by the Complainant.
- There should be some penal provisions to provide adequate and exemplary deterrence so that
  the office of the Insurance Ombudsman is not taken for granted by these recalcitrant insurers.

## Audit & Accounts

The Accounts of the Office of the Insurance Ombudsman were audited by M/s S Tandon & Associates, Chartered Accountants who were appointed as Auditors for the financial year 2014-15. The Accounts were duly certified by the Auditors without any adverse remarks on 23.04.2015.



## From the desk of the Insurance Ombudsman - CHENNAI

It is a proud privilege to report that there is "Zero" pendency in Chennai Centre as on 31.3.2015. The entire team of Chennai centre deserves appreciation for this achievement. During the year 2014-15, outstation hearings were held at Coimbatore and Salem.

On 16<sup>th</sup> Oct, 2014, a full day interaction was organized at Hotel Express in Chennai for both Life and General Insurers to discuss common problems faced and ways to improve the same. Our office believes that inspite of "Zero Pendency" there is always scope for improvement."

Some of the activities held by the Centre during the fiscal were as follows:

- Lectures on the RPG Rules and Role of Ombudsman were delivered to participants of Regional Training Centres, Oriental Insurance Co Ltd Chennai, Branch/Divisional/ Regional Managers of United India Insurance Co Ltd. and Members of the Triplicate chapter of Humor Club of India.
- Officers of Claims deptt., LIC of India, Southern Zone were apprised of the observations of the Ombudsman Office which require their attention.

## Observations & Suggestions:

#### General Insurance

- In Mediclaim, the basis of settlement of claim is not explained by the TPA/Insurer. The money is directly transferred to the A/c of the Insured without details.
- Sudden increase in Mediclaim premium or withdrawal of plans are not informed to the insured and he/she is not advised as per the IRDA regulations. Hence dispute arises.
- The basis of reasonable and necessary expenses is not explained. Deductions are made arbitrarily and without intimation.
- Many a times, the TPA/Insurer states the claim is not payable as there is no "Active line of Treatment." The companies need to define the active line of treatment. Otherwise medical dictionary defines Active line of treatment as — "Treatment directed immediately to the cure of the disease or injury. Therapeutic substance or course intended to ameliorate the basic problem as opposed to supportive or palliative treatment."
- At the time of change of Mediclaim policy from one insurer to another, the Insurer/Intermediary is
  required to explain portability. But this is not happening resulting in disputes. As per Regulation
  3(3) of the Protection of Policyholders Interest Regulations 2002, is stated that "where the prospect
  depends upon the advice of the Insurer or his agent or an insurance intermediary such a person
  must advise the prospect dispassionately." This needs attention.



- For increase in the Sum Insured under the Mediclaim Policies the date of enhancement of SI is
  not mentioned to invoke pre existing condition clause thereby leading to disputes. The Sum
  Insured is enhanced without a request letter from the Insured or a fresh proposal form.
- In motor claims, the survey is conducted in the absence of either the insured or his representative leading to disputes which are avoidable.
- Supplementary estimates are accepted by the surveyor from the dealer without the knowledge
  of the Insured/Insurer which is avoidable.
- No site inspection is carried out by the surveyor or no explanation of the Insured is called as to the circumstances of the accident.
- There is unusual delay in the submission of the survey report by the surveyor or the Investigation report by the Investigator. No reminder is sent by the Insurer. Thus, delay in receipt of the report amounts to violation of Protection of Policyholders Interest Regulations 2002.

## Life Insurance:

- For free look cancellations, proof of delivery is not produced resulting in disputes. The representatives appearing do not bring proof.
- b. Signing of declaration of Good Health by the Agent as witness in lapsed policies. No action is taken against the agent even after finding that on the date of DGH, the person was sick and admitted in the hospital. The matter was taken up with LIC of India.
- c. Wrong repudiation of claims It has been observed in some of the cases that the claims are repudiated under a wrong clause which is avoidable.
- d. In ULIP policies, when the claim is repudiated on the grounds of non declaration of the material fact, even fund value is not paid. The risk of investment is that of the investor, hence insurer cannot hold on to this fund.
- e. In an annuity policy, the insured is not informed in time about the vesting date and the option to take an annuity either with the same Insurer or another. These disputes are avoidable.
- f. In some cases, the compliance of award is not confirmed by Insurers for a long time.
- g. It has come out during the hearings that in a few cases, the Insurers produce bogus proposal forms. The matter has been reported to IRDA for necessary action.

## AUDIT & ACCOUNTS

During this financial year, all the major expenses were well within the budgeted limits and the expenditure under many heads was kept at the bare minimum. The audit was conducted by Auditors M/s Suri & Co, Chennai, who were appointed as the auditors during the year. The accounts for the financial year 2014-15 were finalized without any adverse comments from the Auditors.



## From the desk of the Insurance Ombudsman - DELHI

The administrative jurisdiction of the Office of the Insurance Ombudsman, Delhi, covered the States of Delhi & Rajasthan till 3<sup>rd</sup> Dec 2014, after which Office of the Insurance Ombudsman, Jaipur (Rajasthan), started functioning. The real test of the functioning of the insurance industry for the common man is in the satisfaction of the Insured.

While preparing the cause lists, priority was accorded to senior citizens/ ailing persons or persons with disabilities for expeditious redressal. The medical and financial underwriting aspects as also the latest Consumer District Forum, State Commissions, National Commission, High Court and Supreme Court rulings in the matters of Insurance Sector were kept in mind to arrive at judicious decisions.

The Insurance Industry has to make the best use of this forum so that fewer people have the need to go to a Court of Law or a Consumer Forum for seeking justice and redressal of grievances. The adage "be the change you want to see" (in its Insurance Avtar) was given a fillip by the initiative of GBIC implementing 11th November, 2014.as "Bima Lokpal Diwas". At Delhi office an interactive session was held comprising of complainants and representatives of Insurance Companies. Award cheques were handed over by company's representatives to the complainants. The policy holders and representatives of the Insurance Companies welcomed the initiative as it marked a thawing of relationship between the insured and insurer. One important feedback from the members of the public was the urgent need for advocacy of the forum i.e. the Office of the Insurance Ombudsman for redressal of grievances.

A seminar, "Grievance Redressal Mechanism, Improvement, Innovation and Revitalization" was organized on 18.11.2014. Current issues were identified and a brain storming session to suggest ways of improving and strengthening the servicing to the Policy Holders, as also for improving the grievance redressal mechanism was debated.

#### Observations and Suggestions

- Insurance Companies, primarily in public sector are found to be lax in submission of Self Contained Note Furnishing only reasons for repudiation does not help in justification of action. More often than not the grounds of repudiation are not consistent with the terms & conditions of the policy.
- The Private Sector Insurers at times do not mention name and address of policy issuing office and
  the escalation matrix with regard to dispute relating to policy/claim. Consequently the policy holders
  find it difficult to tender their basic servicing requirements like payment of renewal premium etc.



- In majority of cases, complainants have mentioned that the life assured had only signed the proposal form without knowing the contents of the proposal which is reiterated during the personal hearings. It is clear that intermediaries responsible for selling these products had not properly briefed the life assured and it appears that life assured was not aware of the benefits they may get from the policy or the implications of non-disclosure of medical history. When claim was preferred, even though the insurer was able to establish suppression of material facts, a question that is to be addressed is, to what extent the life assured or the complainants, who take up the case after the death of life assured, are responsible for the mis-selling of the policy by the intermediaries. More often than not thus, the cases are tilted in favor of the Insurance Company.
- 4. There are complaints that the insured have not received policy documents in time. During hearings, Insurers are not able to substantiate with documentary evidence that policy documents along with terms and conditions were delivered to the insured. This lacunae in the system gives opportunity for misusing the Free Look Period clause to both insured and insurer. It is suggested that the insurers evolve a system whereby they can prove the date of receipt of policy document with the terms and conditions by the customers.
- 5. When the Sum Insured is increased at the time of renewal, some companies, while settling the claim are not accepting the increased sum Insured. The claims are settled only on the basis of previous sum Insured. There is no specific policy condition detailing the provision of increase, with the result the claim settlement is often being questioned by the insured leading to litigations. The policy terms and conditions should clearly incorporate the conditions under which the enhanced sum insured would be applicable.
- 6. The general complaint from the insured public is that the changes in the terms and conditions of the policy are not brought to their notice while renewing the policy. They also plead that they are not provided detailed terms and conditions. It is, therefore, suggested that any change in the terms and conditions which has a direct bearing on the claim settlement should be highlighted in the renewal notices and also on the first page of the policy schedule.
- 7. Fresh policies are issued against the cheques given by policyholder/s for the renewal premium with false information and without obtaining signatures on the proposal forms from insured and without any request. The Insurance Company should ensure that necessary controls are built in to avoid misunderstanding.

## AUDIT & ACCOUNTS

The audit was conducted by Auditors M/s ASA & Associates LLP., New Delhi who were appointed as the auditors during the year. The accounts for the financial year 2014-15 were finalized without any adverse comments from the Auditors.



## From the desk of the Insurance Ombudsman - GUWAHATI

The Office of the Insurance Ombudsman, Guwahati has been vacant since 18th July, 2014. To attend to grievances of complainants in Guwahati, the Insurance Ombudsman Kolkata has assumed additional charge of the Office of Insurance Ombudsman, Guwahati. Although there was a gap of seven months and hearings could be held on two occasions only, during the last financial year, the performance has been reasonably good.

The operating jurisdiction of Office of Insurance Ombudsman, Guwahati, is spread over a vast and difficult terrain; some parts are inaccessible for most part of the year. A glimpse at the State wise data of grievances will point to the unsatisfactory level of awareness in States like ARUNACHAL, MANIPUR, MEGHALAYA, MIZORAM and NAGALAND. A huge effort needs to be made for spreading awareness amongst the insuring public about the alternate grievance mechanism available to them by way of Insurance Ombudsman. Though attempts were made to engage in awareness campaign, no headway could be made so far because of inaccessibility due to inclement weather and road conditions as also the constraint of time. Frequent political and social disturbances also make it difficult to plan anything reasonably ahead in time.

## OBSERVATION AND SUGGESTIONS.

Every year some points are raised by Insurance Ombudsmen with the intention that the insurers will take some actions towards solution so that the problems faced by Insurance Ombudsmen will not recur in future. But it should be placed on record that seldom any result has been observed.

- The Self Contained Note is either not submitted or is received late from Insurers. Timely
  submission of SCN supported by sustainable documents will help the Insurance Ombudsman to
  pass an order without any loss of time.
- Address of the Branch Offices or at least premium points where the policy holder may pay his
  premium should be mentioned in the policy bond. This is a problem in case of private insurers.
  Nowhere policy bond mentions offices where premium can be paid or contact numbers.
- 3. In Medi-claim cases claims are repudiated on the basis of previous history of illness mentioned in the Discharge Summary of the Hospital records at the time of death. The Insurer must justify repudiation by providing through other documents like prescription, out-patient slip, laboratory reports etc. relating to the pre-proposal stage not after signing of the proposal form.



- In Mediclaim policies the pre-existing diseases should be specified on the schedule of the
  policy so that the Insured is aware of the exclusion given in the terms and conditions of the
  policy.
- Non-implementation of Awards: In many occasions it is observed that some insurers do not implement award in time.

## AUDIT AND ACCOUNTS

The audit was conducted by M/s Debashis Mitra & Associates, Chartered Accountants, Guwahati, who were appointed as the auditors during the year. The accounts for the financial year 2014-15 were finalized without any adverse comments from the Auditors.



## From the Desk of the Insurance Ombudsman - HYDERABAD

The jurisdiction of the Insurance Ombudsman, Hyderabad covers the States of Andhra Pradesh, Karnataka & Yanam, portion of the Union Territory of Pondicherry. In the current fiscal, the new State of Telangana was created from erstwhile undivided State of Andhra Pradesh. The post of Insurance Ombudsman, Bangalore came into existence on 06.12.2014. All cases pertaining to Karnataka state were transferred to the Bangalore office.

The Institution of Insurance Ombudsman has been playing a very effective role in redressing the public grievances within its sphere. Considering the fact that a good chunk of complainants come from lower strata of the society, the Ombudsman be empowered to grant ex-gratia towards expenses in deserving cases where the complaints are dismissed.

## **OBSERVATIONS & SUGGESTIONS**

- The insurers should make earnest efforts to issue the proposal forms in the local language so that the policy holder can understand the statements printed in the proposals. Likewise, the policy documents also be issued in local language of the policy holder so that the policy holder is clear about the terms and conditions of the policy. A contract which apparently is understood only by one party could always run into interpretational difficulties.
- ii) Majority of Life Insurance complaints relate to repudiation of death claims. The insurers are prone to reject claims based on the previous history mentioned in the discharge summary sheet of the hospital records at the time of death. It is necessary to show cogent evidence of prior medical history before repudiation of claims.
- Under General Insurance, the insurers reject claims invoking pre-existing disease clause without reliable evidence to establish that the insured suffered from such ailments before commencement of insurance. In many cases, claims were rejected on presumptions and surmises.
- iv) Most general insurers do not have any established system for review of the claims rejected by their TPAs. Even when the complainant approaches the Grievance Cell, after repudiation of the claim by the TPA, the insurer seldom examines the claim dispassionately. In some cases, the insurer depends on the TPA to present cases before the Ombudsman.

## AUDIT & ACCOUNTS

The Audit was conducted by M/s Anjaneyulu & Co., Chartered Accountants, Hyderabad, who were appointed as Auditors. There were no adverse comments from the Auditors on preparation and finalization of the Accounts for the financial year 2014-15.



## From the desk of the Insurance Ombudsman - JAIPUR

Opening of the new office at Jaipur was given wide publicity with the celebration of Bima Lokapal Day on 11-11-2014. The Audience expressed happiness at Ombudsman services being rendered at Jaipur itself, as earlier it was looked after by Bima Lokpal, Delhi.

In the State of Rajasthan, maximum complaints are of the nature of mis-selling and efforts were made to bring relief to the complainants, in an impartial and cost effective way.

## OBSERVATIONS & SUGGESTIONS

- Persons indulging in mis-selling should be identified and penalized.
- 2. Insurance companies must review the decisions taken by TPA's.
- The financial underwriting rules should be followed by the insurance companies. It has
  been observed that policies involving huge annual premium running into lacs of Rupees
  (Rs. 5 lakh, Rs. 42 lakh) have been issued to retired persons by the same insurance
  company.
- 4. It should be clearly mentioned in the Policy documents that the Office of Insurance Ombudsman is not an office of the Insurance Company and before approaching the Insurance Ombudsman, the complainant should represent the case to the GRO of the Insurer.
- Freelook period should be for at least 30 days.
- 6. Time limit for compliance of award should be strictly followed. In few cases, after a period of five months of award the insurance company is writing that it is considering filing of writ petition and implementation of award will be considered after the decision on this issue has been finalized.

## AUDIT & ACCOUNTS

The Audit was conducted by M/s Kalani & Co., Chartered Accountants, Jaipur, who were appointed as Auditors. There were no adverse comments from the Auditors on preparation and finalization of the Accounts for the financial year 2014-15.



## From the Desk of the Insurance Ombudsman - KOCHI

The territorial jurisdiction of the Office of the Insurance Ombudsman, Kochi extends to the entire State of Kerala besides the Union Territory of Lakshadweep and Mahe – an integral part of the Union Territory of Pondicherry.

To clear the doubts of the general public relating to insurance matters, Television shows were held. Similarly, press releases issued by this office about the performance of Ombudsman Centre, nature of complaints and precautions to be taken while taking a policy, have all been given wide coverage not only in Malayalam Newspapers but also in well known papers like Times of India, The Hindu etc. Besides, there has also been participation in seminars conducted on Banking & Insurance in colleges and universities.

## **OBSERVATIONS & SUGGESTIONS**

- 1. There is an unhealthy practice on the part of the Insurance companies to deny the policyholders the relief granted by the Ombudsman quoting non-existing provision, exploiting the ignorance of policyholders and citing that they are proposing to file an Appeal against the Ombudsman's Order. Even in cases where the companies are filing Writ Petitions in the High Court, unless a Stay is granted by the High Court in implementing the Ombudsman's Award, companies are duty bound to give effect to the Order. But in actual practice, the companies are delaying giving effect to the Order till the outcome of the Writ Petition is known. This is also against the tenets of Law and has to be nipped in the Bid. The Insurance companies are well aware of the fact that the Insurance Ombudsman's order is binding on them and there is no provision for filing Appeal as per RPG Rules 1998.
- 2. The insurance companies may be directed to depute their own officers to appear before the Ombudsman instead of engaging Advocates as is the practice adopted by atleast one of the nationalized insurance companies in Kerala. The insurance companies should file their Self Contained Note well ahead of the hearing dates.

#### **AUDIT & ACCOUNTS**

The Audit was conducted by M/s Babu A. Kallivayalil & Co. Chartered Accountants, who were appointed as Auditors. There were no adverse comments from the Auditors on preparation and finalization of the Accounts for the financial year 2014-15.



## From the desk of the Insurance Ombudsman - KOLKATA

All in all, the year's performance was satisfying on all counts. The Ombudsman's Office was lying vacant for more than a year and therefore had a huge number of unattended complaints.

An alert Institution of Ombudsman and other legal forum can only work as a curative intervention. However, to strengthen regulatory framework, IRDA needs to gently but firmly nudge the Surveyors and TPA's to the right path. Possibly, the Claim Investigation Agencies also should be brought under a licensing process. Where self-regulation is merrily given a go by, a stronger regulation remains the only alternative.

## **OBSERVATIONS & SUGGESTIONS**

## 1. Improvement in transparency of policy conditions:-

Certain terms in the policy documents are found non-transparent and the interpretations are made in favour of Companies. One of the disputes are proportionate deduction of various expenses like Surgeon's fee; Anesthetist fee; OT Charges, various investigation charges. There are very few hospitals where these variable charges exist as per room rent. But this is done at random by deducting proportionately even for the hospital where there is no variable charges. This aspect needs to be examined. It is felt that in all group Mediclaim policies obtained by Employers, it should be made mandatory on the part of employer to issue confirmation of insurance protection to individual employees with clear reference to the group insurance policy and benefits secured both by letter/e mail and by display on website easily accessible to all employees/ex-employees.

#### Cataract Treatment:-

A good number of complaints received by this forum for Cataract Treatment as there is difference in quantum to be paid among the PSU Companies. There is also no mention in the policy conditions regarding the type of lens to be allowed in settlement of claim. There should be a clear mention about the fixed amount for lens. The Insurer may mention certain percentage of sum insured for the eligibility of amount for lens in the policy conditions clearly.

#### Claims for enhanced sum insured:-

A good number of complaints pertain to partial settlement without considering the enhanced sum insured. Some Insurers have not mentioned this method clearly in their policy conditions for which disputes arises.



## 4 Motor Claim Grievances:-

Complaints are mostly disputes related to the method of settlement whether on Total Loss or Constructive Total Loss basis. Motor Tariff prescribed settlement of Construction Total Loss when the repair cost of a vehicle exceeds 75% of the IDV (value of the vehicle), but this is not mentioned in the policy conditions. The Insurer also does not write their settlement clearly to the Insured that this 75% is to be calculated after applying policy excess. Copy of survey report is not handed over to the insured at the time assessment and as a result, the insured also remains anaware about the settlement method which ultimately end in disputes with the Insurer.

## 5 Personal Accident Grievances:-

Very few numbers of claims have been received by this forum. However, claims are mostly related to loss of vision which is claimed as loss of sight as mentioned in the policy conditions of Personal Accident Policy. More clear definition of loss of partial or total loss sight is required to avoid disputes. The Insurance Companies may examine the matter.

## AUDIT & ACCOUNTS

The Audit was conducted by M/s V Singhi & Associates, Chartered Accountants, who were appointed as Auditors. There were no adverse comments from the Auditors on preparation and finalization of the Accounts for the financial year 2014-15.



## From the Desk of the Insurance Ombudsman - LUCKNOW

The geographical spread of Uttar Pradesh is very vast. People from different nooks and corners of the state have filed claims. They had fallen prey to the mischievous agents, who had cheated them for their financial gain.

The institution of Insurance Ombudsman has become significant in redressing grievances of insured and rendering effective and speedy justice to the down trodden. It was our endeavour to provide speedy and expeditious redressal to complainants. A lot of awareness among the public was generated both by news paper and electronic media with the active initiative of the GBIC and the IRDA. It is an ardent belief that wherever and whenever justice is denied to the aggrieved claimant by the mighty insurance companies, this forum played its role in giving quick and effective justice.

The need of the hour is to give proper training to agents so that they can render proper advice and market the correct product as per the need of the customer. Consumer education and guidance is also necessary because well informed customers are an asset for the industry.

The contract of insurance is based on relationship between insured, insurer and intermediaries. The expectations of aggrieved customer from this forum are very high. The onerous duty of this forum is to dispense equitable and speedy justice to the users. Ultimately, this forum is and will be an epitome of speedy and cost effective justice to the millions of insuring people in future.

#### Observations & Recommendations

- a) Insurance policies have been repudiated on the ground that the nominee had no insurable interest in the contract. In the proposal form, the complainant was made nominee by the deceased life assured. The matter of insurable interest could have been examined at an earlier stage.
- b) In general insurance, claims are being repudiated on the ground that "No claim Bonus" was claimed wrongly. All the general insurance companies can put the details of claim paid by them in a common basket from which claim in respect of particular vehicle can be found out easily before issuing policy. If this is done, the repudiation of claim on wrong claim of "No Claim Bonus" would reduce substantially.

## AUDIT & ACCOUNTS

c) The Audit was conducted by M/s R M Lall & Co, Chartered Accountants, who were appointed as Auditors. There were no adverse comments from the Auditors on preparation and finalization of the Accounts for the financial year 2014-15.



## From the Desk of the Insurance Ombudsman-MUMBAI

Our mission statement reflects our intention of providing equitable solutions to the Complainants to the best of our understanding and within least possible time. The data submitted in the report are in accordance with the provisions of Rule 20 of the RPG Rules 1998.

Till 2013-14, the Office of the Insurance Ombudsman, Mumbai, was attending to the complaints from Mumbai, Maharashtra and Goa. However with the opening of Pune Office in the year 2014 the centre is attending to the cases pertaining to Mumbai (City and Suburbs) and Goa only. During the last two years we have tried to initiate a few customer friendly initiatives to improve the speed and quality of our disposal and the efforts have started paying dividends. Although it's a mammoth challenge we remain hopeful in our pursuit of attaining the desired level even with our limited resources.

Growing awareness and rising consumer activism in the Indian market and creation of various consumer redressal mechanisms and steps initiated by the regulator have made it obligatory for the companies to address the issue of customer sensitivity seriously. While many Insurers have tried to respond to it proactively yet it is observed that in many cases the customers were on the receiving side. It is seen that the number of complaints received by the centre is not in proportion to the market share of the companies and is more related to the business model in case of Life companies and control over TPA's and decision making process in case of General Ins. companies.

The success of the forum, to a great extent depends upon the co-operation and support of the Companies in strengthening the mechanism, willingness to resolve at the Company level and build competency and empowerment at the decision making level. Brokers/Agents/ Banking Channel partners, TPA's and Surveyor's are the most significant contributors to the growing number of disputes. To facilitate mutual understanding and resulting good governance, interactions with the companies apart from arranging two separate meets with the Life and General Insurance Companies at Mumbai were arranged where valuable inputs from either side was exchanged and it has helped in reduction of grievances. Marked improvements were observed in the number of cases getting resolved at the Company level without our specific intervention. We would like to place on record the path breaking initiatives taken by some Private Sector companies of arranging interactions and brain storming sessions with their Executives and the outcome of such initiatives had been immensely positive.

During the year IRDA as well as the Companies have taken many initiatives which also resulted in improvement in the decisions taken by the companies.



## **OBSERVATIONS & SUGGESTIONS**

- In spite of having a integrated grievance redressal mechanism in place, many a times the grievances are not attended within stipulated time and manner and often closed arbitrarily without referring back to the customers. The forum has observed that in a number of cases the Insurance Companies do not send repudiation letters to the customers at all. The rejection letter from the TPAs is the only correspondence sent to the policyholder. Even after references to the Grievance Officer; the Companies do not bother to re-examine the cases and treat the complaints as closed. As a result the effectiveness of the system is seriously compromised and status of the complaints does not get correctly reflected in the IRDA's records. Many companies, instead of guiding their customers to approach their in-house grievance machinery, are directing them to Ombudsman, thus short circuiting the whole system and intentionally reducing its effectiveness in a planned manner. When questioned on the issue, representatives from the companies have related this to their corporate decision.
- 2. It is also noticed that there are cases where Companies have denied claims on the basis of fraudulent investigations and in at least one of the death claim cases in Life side when the Forum informed the Company about the attempted Fraud, the Company instead of declining decided to pay the death claim. On being asked, the company cited lack of manpower as the reason.
- 3. The forum received many reminders from complainants that in spite of clear instructions in the Award with regards to settlement by the Company, there is a delay in implementation of the Award. The undue delay on the part of the Companies defeats the purpose of the exercise and also causes dissatisfaction amongst the complainants. In one of the case, a public sector General Insurance company has moved High Court against the order of the Ombudsman. We feel the expenses on this count should be entirely borne by the Company and should not be passed on to common pool as the expenses involved are much higher than the award itself.
- 4. The number of complaints coming from companies with smaller policy base and smaller Premium Income is disproportionate to their market share. Appropriate system would be the cost being borne by the companies in proportion to their number of complaints with a provision for discounts in case the complaints are resolved by the companies within 15 days of lodgement with Ombudsman. If adopted, this will go a long way in improving the system.

## AUDIT & ACCOUNTS

The Audit was conducted by M/G.M. Kapadia & Co., Chartered Accountants, who were appointed as Auditors. There were no adverse comments from the Auditors on preparation and finalization of the Accounts for the financial year 2014-15.



## From the Desk of the Insurance Ombudsman-PUNE

The Annual Report and statements of the Office of Insurance Ombudsman, Pune for the year 2014-15, having territorial jurisdiction over the insuring public of Maharashtra State except Mumbai Metropolitan Region is being submitted in compliance with Rule 20 of the Redressal of Public Grievances Rules, 1998. The Office of the Insurance Ombudsman started its operations at Pune from 10.09.2014 and hence the report is for the period from 10.09.2014 to 31.03.2015.

An "Interface with Insurers" was conducted on 19.01.2015 at the National Insurance Academy, Pune with a view to create awareness amongst Insurers, which was a grand success.

## **OBSERVATIONS & SUGGESTIONS**

- During this short tenure, it was observed that complaints on Life Insurance pertained to misselling. The seeds of mis-selling are sown during the first interaction between the prospect and insurance intermediary. Though the Insurance regulator is tightening the rules for Unit Linked Insurance Plans (ULIPs) and educating the public through electronic and print media mis selling continues.
- 2. In General Insurance large number of cases pertain to Mediclaim. There is ambiguity associated in interpretation of clauses, lack of transparency in terms and conditions of the policy, rejection letters from TPA and not from Insurer, failure to revise various clauses keeping in view the advancement in medical science & technology etc. are the causes for complaints arising in general insurance segment.
- The Health Insurers generally depend on the decision of TPAs for the admissible amount of claim and do not have any in house system of scrutinizing the decision of the TPAs.
- 4. The Free look period for cancellation of the policy by the Insured may be extended up to 30days. This provision of Free look period may be printed in bold letters on the first page of the policy document and the current practice of placing this in a very small font be dispensed with.
- The Insurers should inform the Office of the Insurance Ombudsman about any changes in the terms and conditions of their products to keep the centers abreast of changing rules and products.

#### Audit and Accounts:

M/S A R Sulakhe & Co. C.A., Pune was appointed as Auditor for the financial year 2014-15. The Audited accounts for the year 2014-15 along with all schedules, explanatory notes and the Auditors Report has been submitted to the GBIC. There is no adverse comment in the Auditors Report.